BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 49--No. 7. Beaver, Wednesday, February 13, 1867. Established 1818.

The Argus
Will be Published Every Wednesday,
IN THE OLD ARGUS BUILDING,
THIRD ST., BEAVER, PA.,
At $2.00 per annum in Advance.

☞ Letters and contributions, by mail, shall have prompt attention.

J. WEYAND, Editor & Proprietor.

AT
MOORE'S DRUG STORE,
IN BEAVER
May be found the best assortment of
DRUGS,
Medicines,
CHEMICALS
PURE
LIQUORS, WINES
And Brandies,
Paints, Oils,
AND
DYE STUFFS:
TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,
BRUSHES.
PATENT MEDICINES
in great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any other Drug Store in the county.

Duponco's Female Pills 75 cents per box; Cheesman's, $1; Clark's, $1.

The Largest stock of
Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns, Stationery, Window Glass and Putty.
ever offered outside of the city, at Moore's Drug Store, and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else. Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more
Dec13,'65. J. MOORE.

E. PENT. STEWART. R. A. WILSON.
FALL & WINTER
BOOTS & SHOES,
WILSON & STEWART.
WOULD respectfully inform the public, that they have just received direct from the manufacturers, the largest and best selected FALL AND WINTER STOCK OF
Ladies', Gent's, Boy's and Children's Boots and Shoes,
GAITERS, SLIPPERS and OVERSHOES,
that have ever been brought to this county. We would particularly call attention to our stock of
Mens' heavy kip, tap and double sole steel peeled Boots. French Calf, double sole and double upper sewed scotch bottom Boots.
Boys' Youths' and Children's heavy kip, tap and double sole copper tiped and steel heeled Boots.
Ladies' French kid and Morocco polish Boots, Balmorals and Gaiters of the latest styles.
Misses' and Children's pegged and sewed polish Boots and Balmorals, of the latest styles; and a great variety of children's copper tip shoes.
Which we will sell *Wholesale and Retail*, as cheap, if not cheaper, than they can be bought in the city of Pittsburg.
We would respectfully invite purchasers to call and examine our stock, compare our prices with other dealers, and satisfy themselves before purchasing elsewhere.
All Goods Warranted.
WILSON & STEWART,
In the Diamond,
Oct'65--1y. ROCHESTER, PA.

C. C. ALGEO,
DEALER IN
AMERICAN
AND SWISS WATCHES,
DIAMONDS
AND FINE JEWELRY,
SILVER SPOONS AND FORKS,
FINE TABLE KNIVES,
SILVER PLATED WARE,
FRENCH CLOCKS & BRONZES,
AMERICAN CLOCKS,
Fancy Goods, &c.
☞ Special attention given to the repairing of all kinds of Watches.
No. 22, FIFTH STREET,
mar14'66--1y] Pittsburg, Pa.

PH. R. MERTZ,
118 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH,
BANKER & BROKER,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
FOREIGN EXCHANGE,
GOLD, SILVER & COUPONS.
☞ Highest price paid for COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES. [aug1'66:1y

J. R. HARRAH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
COLLECTIONS and other business will receive prompt attention. Also legally authorized agent for the collection of back pay, pensions, bounty and all soldiers' claims.
☞ Office, District Attorney's office, Court House, Beaver, Pa. [aug22'66--1y.

Fall & Winter GOODS!
I HAVE just received a new stock of Goods, of the
LATEST STYLES,
For FALL & WINTER WEAR.
Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods
Constantly on hand.
CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER
In all the latest styles and at shortest notice.
Wm. REICH,
Stewart's Row, Bridge Street,
oct10'66 BRIDGEWATER.

HARDWARE STORE!!
J. S. WINANS,
NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,
DEALER IN
HARDWARE,
IRON, NAILS, GLASS, AND
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
CARPENTERS' TOOLS,
BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,
MASONS' TOOLS,
SHOEMAKERS TOOLS,
SADDLERS' TOOLS,
PLASTERERS' TOOLS,
MINERS' TOOLS.
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
BENT FELLOWS & SHAFTS,
LOCKS, BOLTS & HINGES,
PICKS, MATTOCKS & HOES,
COUNTER & PLATFORM SCALES,
TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,
HORSE SHOES & NAILS,
TIRE & CARRIAGE BOLTS & NUTS,
CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS,
ALSO, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,
AND PUTTY.
AGENT FOR
EXCELSIOR MOWER AND REAPER, AND NEW BRIGHTON FIRE-BRICK WORKS.
jan2,'67.

APPLICATIONS FOR THE
NEW BOUNTY.
OF
One Hundred Dollars
DUE SOLDIERS OF 1861-62 & 63,
SHOULD BE FILED BEFORE
APRIL 1st, 1867.
APPLY AT ONCE TO
Arthurs & Riddle,
U. S. CLAIM AGENTS,
185 Fourth St.,
PITTSBURGH.
☞ We will, if desired, attend *personally* in such localities as may be requested for the purpose of receiving these applications. [de5

C. F. WINTER. ..... W. L. BEDISON.
WINTER AND BEDISON,
(Successors to C. F. Winter,)
DEALERS IN WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SILVER AND PLATED WARES, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, NOTIONS, &c., &c.
☞ Special attention given to the repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.
Store: Cor. Broadway & Apple sts,
NEW BRIGHTON, PA. [jan9'67

Grand Opening!
FOR THE
Fall Trade
OF 1866,
AT
F. A. Fortune's
CHEAP
DRY GOODS STORE,
IN THE
DIAMOND, ROCHESTER.
Our prices will astonish all who favor us with a call.
Goods of every description sold Cheaper than ever.

Brown Muslins at	10 cts.
Bleached do	12 1-2.
Good Prints,	12 1-2 & 15.

Pants Stuffs,
Tickings,
Checks,
Ginghams,
Prints,
Canton Flannels,
Red & Yellow Flannels,
Barred & Striped do
Balmoral Skirts,
Hoop do
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Trimmings,
Ribbons,
Milllnery Goods,
Etc., etc., etc.
—The prices of the above Goods we warrant less than the same class of Goods can be bought for west of the mountains.
Dress Goods in endless variety,
French Merinos,
Coburgs,
Delaines,
Poplins,
Plaids,
Cashmeres,
Etc., etc., etc.,
Cheaper than ever!
Blankets and Blanket Shawls,
At great bargains.
Remember the place:
FORTUNE'S CHEAP STORE,
IN THE DIAMOND,
ROCHESTER, PA.
Come everybody, and see for yourselves before purchasing.
NO TROUBLE to SHOW GOODS.
NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

The following poem was written by Mr. Mordecai Moore, in memory of Tatlow Townsend, the oldest inhabitant of New Brighton. Mr. Moore lost his sight about ten years ago, since which time he has traveled several thousand miles with out the slightest mishap.

LINES

BY M. M. MOORE.

Who lost his Sight in the Mines of California, in 1857.

Ten years—long years have passed away,
Since last I saw the light of day;
Ten years of dark and dismal night,
Since last these eyes beheld the light.

'Twas in our great Pacific State,
Where I was doomed to drag my fate;
On California's golden soil,
Where I was wont to sweat and toil.

'Midst sacrifice and want and pain,
I labored hard for worldly gain;
Until a dreadful night came on,
A full eclipse; a darkness thrown.

Mysterious Heaven! and can it be,
That I no more the light shall see!
The world is chaos, dark and drear,
No hand to guide, no voice to cheer.

Oh help me, guide me, gracious Heaven,
To use the means which Thou hast given,
Siloam's pool to seek and find,
Where cripples leap, where sees the blind.

Then homeward bound o'er seas and land,
Where tempests roar sublimely grand;
Siloam's pool it must be found,
If I should search this earth around.

'Twas in Penn's lovely city fair,
Where I arrived with greatest care;
To Will's Infirmary was driven,
Where scientific skill is given.

Days, weeks and dreary months had fled,
Night's sable curtain still was spread,
No morning dawn, no break of day,
To chase the dismal gloom away.

All human efforts proved in vain,
To give relief, or ease my pain;
In God alone my trust shall be—
In dangers great, to Him I'll flee.

O teach me, Thou great source of light,
By faith to walk, and not by sight,
The heavenly road thy saints have trod,
Which leads to glory and to God.

Though clouds and darkness crowd my way,
Most mighty One be Thou my stay,
Until life's pilgrimage is o'er,
And I have gained the heavenly shore.

Then when the blessed goal is won,
No eyes grow dim—no pain nor groan,
All, all is one eternal day,
And night forever flees away.

NASBY.

Mr. Nasby renders an account of his Stewardship—laying of the corner stone of the college edifice—an awkward denouement.

POST OFFIS, CONFEDERIT X ROADS (wich is in the State of Kentucky,) January 2, 1867.

On my return from my trip to North Karlina ther wuz an immejit and irrepressible desire on the part uv the Trustees uv the Institoot, to hev a statement from me uv the result of the trip. Much hed bin expected from the vencher, and the expectashuns uv the Trustees wuz rizto a pitch from wich I felt it wuz crooil to hurl em. Therefore I dodged em, until finally, bein badgered, thort I wood end it. Havin prepared the dockyments, I named the Post Offis ez the place, and the mornin uv the 1st instant, ez the time to make an exhibit uv the receets and expenditoors uv the trip. Deekin Pogram, Col. McPelter and Elder Slathers were promptly on hand, and so wuz I, with the statement, wich I red to em ez follows:

Petroleum V. Nasby, Professor uv Biblikle Politicks, in account with the Southern Classicle and Military Institoot Fund:

	Dr.
To cash uv Kernel Absalum Podgers, for self	$200 00
To cash uv Kernel Absalum Podgers, for wife	100 00
To cash uv Squire Davis, proceeds uv the sale uv one nigger boy, Jim, convicted uv steelin a red herrin, generously donated	50 00
To cash uv Major Galbreth, bein all he hed left after guttin a pardon from the President through Mrs. Cubb	1 00
To Cash uv John Kesick, who encourages the Institoot, intendin to come here to start a grocery, ez soon ez it gits fairly agoin	10 00
To cash uv divers and sundry persons	20 00
Grand totle	$381 00

	Cr.
By ralerode fare, the conductors unanimously refoosin to ded hed me either in my clericle, offishal or benvolent character	$30 00
By refreshments	15
By meal after refreshments	75
By more refreshments	15
By bottle uv refreshments to use on cars	1 50
By refreshment at station	15
By refreshment at various places	60 00
By board at Rawley	60 00
By refreshments at Rawley, wich come a high, bein 25 cts. strale.	70 00
By livery hire in that vicinity	90 00
By refreshments for self and driver, includin broken axles and sich	25 00
By meals for self and driver	8 00
By fare back home, wich cost more owin to my comin a round about way	50 00
Grand totle	$390 70

Leavin a balance in my favor of $9 70

The brethren wuz somewat disappointed at the result, and Bascom intimated that he bleeved it wuz a swindle, but I withered him with a glance. I showed Deekin Pogram that it wuz not only regiar, but that it hed the stamp uv the Post offis onto it, which silenced all cavil. I ashoored em that that little balance needn't trouble em—I did not intend to make an assessment onto em, but that I would wait until the treasury was in funds.

"But" sed Bascom, "when in thunder, will the treasury ever be in funds, ef all the expedishuns result like this one?"

I explained to the obtoose man that it wuz all rite; that in most uv sich enterprises the expenses eat up the collekshuns, but that it wuz seed sown. "We must," sez I "raise the wind from the North, and to do it, let us show that suthen nez bin dun."

"Wat kin we do?" Sed Bascom.

"Lay the corner stun uv the Institoot," sez I. "On the square fornist the corner stun uv the nigger church we burnt a month or so ago, ready to our hand. Let us organize a percession and do it to-day, that we may publish to the world that the work is commenced, that our friends may shell out libreller than they hev."

The idea wuz considered good and forthwith it wuz actid upon. The stone was conveyed to the feeld onto which the Institoot is to be built, and a cavity wuz hollered out into it.

At 4 P. M. (which is in the afternoon) a percession wuz formed headed by the Trustees, and we marched out to the feeld. Into the cavity in the stun wuz deposited, with appropriit ceremonies, the following articles:

A copy uv the Constooshen uv the Confedrit States uv Amerika.

A copy of the message uv Andrew Johnson ve toin the Freedmen's Buro Bill.

A copy uv the 22d uv Febrooary speech.

Portraites uv the Trustees.

A copy uv the veto uv the Civil Rites Bill.

A pair uv handcuffs.

[illegible] Johnson and Secretary Seward.

A nigger whip.

A $5 greenback contribbited for the purpose by Elder Pennibacker.

A Pint bottle of whisky, seeled, contribbited by Bascom.

Then the stun was placed in posishen; a nigger wuz tied to it and flogged, his blood bedoozlin it, and after a few feeling remarks by myself, in which I stated that this wuz a grate day for the Corners, and that posterity would bless us for the work we hed that day done, the crowd dispersed, the Trustees goin back to my offis to draw up a statement uv the ceremonies, and an appele to the northern Democrisy for aid.

The nigger wich we whipt at the corner stun was shot in a dispoot by Capt. M'Pelter, wich circumstance greatly annoyed Deekin Pogram, ez it wuz a nigger wich wuz formerly hizzen. He remonstrated with the Captain angrily, and ashoored him that ez soon ez the Soopreme Court had declared the Amendment abolishin slavery unconstooshuel, he shood sue him for his value. With this triflin excepshun, the affair passed off ez pleasantly ez cood be wished. I remonstrated with both of em for quarelin, on sich an occasion, over so small a matter ez the shootin uv a nigger, and they finally settled it without hard feelins. How sweet is peace and friendliness atween man and man! How blessid is the offis uv a peace maker! The Captain acknowledged he wuz wrong, and stood the drinks for the crowd.

That nite about 9 P. M., I wuz a sitting in my offis a musin onto the evence uv the day and wonderin whether the Dimocrisy wood give down, it okkured to me that there wuz a pint bottle of first class corn whisky, and $5 in currency agoin to waste in that stun.

"What'll posterity ever know uv us," thot I to myself. "Ef posterity does ever overturn that stun, won't she git jest ez good an idea uv who we wuz from the other artikles? Ef posterity ever reads the speeches uv His Eggselency, and the messages which we hev placed there, won't the whisky be inferred? Ef it aint, posterity is a consumate ass," and thus musin, I wended my way thitherward, detirmined to reskco these two articles from oblivion anyhow.

It wuz pitch dark, but I knew the way. Creepin cautiously up to the stun, I reached out and horror! ther wuz another hand onto it! Striking a match quickly, there stood revealed afore me the forms uv Deekin Pogram, Bascom and Elder Slathers, to whom the same thot had occurred which moved me. But my presence uv mind did not forsake me. Striking another match, I resoomed a look uv virchus indignashun, wich they all saw afore it went out, and reproacht em fur ther worldly mindedniss. How cood they expect the Institoot to prosper when those onto whose hands its interests was confided proves recreant to the extent uv steelin the sacred memen-toes which were to-day enclosed—"Go home" sed I "I forgive you this time, and I will not expose yoo as yoo deserve. I spected yoo all from the way yoo eyed the bottle and the greenback, and hastened hither to protect em. Go!"

And they went; after which I tipped over the stun and sekoored the prize.

The next morning they all reproched me with hevin stolen the articles, in privit; wich satisfied me that all uv em hed gone back after the plunder after they thot I'd gone, but they didn't make no fuss about it. They are all good men, but alas! sich is the depravity uv human nacher that they'll bear watchin.

I await with anxiety the result uv our appeal to the Northern Democrisy. Ef they fail us as shamefully ez they did dcorin the war, it is all up with us.

PETROLEUM V. NASBY, P. M.,
(Wich is Postmaster,) and likewise
Professor uv Biblikle Politics in the Southern Classicle & Military Institoot.—*Toledo Blade.*

Terrible Scene in a Ball-Room.

A very charming and accomplished young lady, the wife of Earnest von Teschomberg, the editor of the *Wiener Zeitung*, was leaving the supper room with her husband, intending to return home. While crossing the ball-room, where a brilliant waltz was being played, a friend asked her to take a single turn round the room. The temptation was too great to be resisted, so consigning her burdens to her husband, she joined the dancers and was whirled off with great rapidity by her partner. She had scarcely got half round the huge circle when she fell from his arms, as though struck by a thunderbolt, dead. They raised her from the ground gently, and carried her into another room. A dozen doctors were in attendance, and every expedient that science could suggest was tried to restore consciousness to the fair young form lying so strangely still in its gay toilette. All was in vain. She was dead. A smile upon her lips, flowers in her hair.

Of the scene I cannot convey the idea; such agony as that I witnessed on Sunday morning in the robing room of the Gartenbaugeselschaft is too dreadful to recall—too sacred to describe. The gay groups melted away in breathless, horror stricken hurry; within a few minutes the spacious ball room [illegible] members and their guests, none but a handful of mourners remained behind to watch over that which half an hour before had been a happy wife and mother. I have now witnessed three sudden deaths in ball rooms—the first two were, if possible, more terrible than the last. In the first place, a lovely girl was shot thro' the heart by the man she was engaged to; in the second, the belle of the ball was burnt to death before her garments, which had caught fire whilst she was being whisked past the open fire place, could be torn off. But the tragical episode of yesterday morning is rendered more melancholy than either by the remembrance that two little children, the eldest not three years old, are left motherless by the consequences of a waltz!

The Washington *Star* relates the following singular coincidence: "Mr. Leonard Grover, formerly manager of Grover's theatre in this city, and now of the Olympic theatre, New York, while looking over a mass of old papers recently came upon a letter from J. Wilkes Booth soliciting an engagement; and, on opening it, was startled to find slipped within it a note from President Lincoln, accepting the proffered courtesy of a box for some evening's performance, and saying that, if possible, the box would be occupied by 'Tad' and himself."

MAYOR NORCROSS, of Boston, has retired from mercantile life, after having been in one store forty-one years. The firm he was connected with dates back to 1816, and he became a member of the same in 1833.

A LADY bound to Dubuque, had her pocket picked at Rochester, N. Y., on Saturday of passage tickets, baggage checks and thirty-two dollars in money. A purse was made up by railroad employees at Buffalo, and she was forwarded to her destination.

THE President has recieved of James Lyon, of Richmond, a cane made of a piece of the old frigate Constitution—The inscription on the head of the cane is, "Compliments to Andrew Johnson as the restorer of the Constitution."

GEN. SICKLES reports a case in which the two murderers of a freedman sat on the corpor's Jury and united in the verdict that "the deceased came to his death from causes unknown."

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE is said to be of the opinion that, when two thirds of the loyal States have ratified the amendment it will be a part of the Constitution.

EX-GOVERNOR CARNEY, the defeated candidate for Senator from Kansas, has retired from politics and claims to have been radical ahead of the Republican party.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of $1 per square—each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A square equal to sixteen lines of nonpariel measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. additional to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

Governor Geary's First Pardon.

Governor Geary on Saturday 2d inst., issued his first pardon, under the following circumstances, related by the Reading *Dispatch*: Mr. Jonathan Bieber, one of the most respectable and law abiding citizens of Kutztown was elected Judge of Elections last Spring, and on the 8th of October last, an individual named Samuel Bieber offered a vote in violation of the law of the State in regard to deserters from the army. The printed roll of Company G, Seventy-fourth Pennsylvania Volunteers was produced to prove that he was a deserter, his name so appearing thereon. Other clear and unquestionable proof was produced on this point, nor was the fact at all denied. Mr. Bieber, for simply refusing to receive the vote, as he was by law required to do, was arrested and tried before a Berks county jury for misdemeanor, and convicted on Friday evening. Sentence was deferred until to-day, but early on Saturday morning a statement of the case was hastily prepared, signed by several influential citizens, and placed in the hands of Mr. E. H. Rauch, who immediately proceeded to Harrisburg, and after laying the facts before the Governor obtained the pardon for Mr. Beiber, which was very cheerfully granted by the Governor, who also requested Mr. Rauch to tender Mr. Bieber his personal compliments. This, we believe, is the second pardon ever granted by a Governor of Pennsylvania *before* sentence. But, when we remember the abuses made of the common laws of the country by jurymen who hold their political prejudices above the balance of justice, we hold that the pardoning power should of right be exercised. We rejoice to find this unmistakable evidence that Governor Geary means to act promptly and without needless ceremonies. This case don't look much like Johnsonism—thank God!"

"Health of Jeff Davis."

Some months ago one of the officers in the department commanded by Major General D. E Sickles gave a party in Charleston, S. C, to certain of the "Confederate" gentry, at which one of the rebel ex-generals proposed the health of Jeff Davis—a sentiment that was drunk by the host, but refused and denounced by his brother Union officers, who broke up the party in a row. They demanded a court-martial, and arraigned the host upon the charge of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman in drinking [illegible] court decided he was not guilty of the charge; but when their finding was sent to Gen. Sickles he revoked it, and dismissed the officer from the service for the offense, subject to the approval of the President of the United States.—In this order General Sickles gave utterance to his own feelings with characteristic candor. The case was duly forwarded to Washington, and here it created a very fine fury among the military *dilletanti* who have such a respect for the gentleman of the South and such a horror of "politics," which is the word they apply to all earnest Union feeling. The President was at once beset, and it required little effort to wake his slumbering love for Jeff. General Sickles's revocation was annulled, and the officer returned to all his rights, fully confirmed that he, better than Sickles, knew how to act towards the virtuous heroes of the rebellion. Upon which South Carolina took a huge drink, and elected Andy to a higher seat in her heart of hearts.

A Great Villain to be Pardoned.

Solomon Kohnstamm, who was sentenced to Sing Sing for the term of ten years, for defrauding the Government in New York city, is about to be pardoned by Mr. Johnson. He is very rich, but a greater villain never visited the State prison. The *Tribune* says: It was conceded by all who know the facts in the case that Kohnstamm had been surpassed by few other criminals on our records in the magnitude, baseness, and boldness of his offenses; and this opinion was concurred in by the public generally. And yet he had hardly been safely lodged in Sing Sing Prison before influences were set to work to procure his release. Money was lavishly expended to this end, and Presidents Lincoln and his successor were in turn besought for pardon. The tears of woman backed up the importunities of paid counsel and agents, and in one way or another three members of the Cabinet were induced to sign the petition. The opposition of Mr. Stanton prevented the consummation of the plot, and has kept this criminal in prison until the present time. But it is alleged that the money at his disposal has finally prevailed over all opposition, and that the terms of pardon have been agreed upon in defiance of the requirements of justice and public morals. It is even stated that within the next fortnight the felon is to be restored to his liberty and the enjoyment of his fortune on some paltry plea of threatened insanity, and the excuse that his sensitive nature has been as much punished by two years imprisonment as common scoundrels would be by a full term of ten years! We commend the case to the attention of the Senate Judiciary Committee, and shall be glad if anything can be done to protect the public from the proposed abuse of the pardoning power.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

J. WEYAND.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

February 13th, 1867.

A Bubble Pricked.

The editor of the La Crosse Wis. *Democrat* is a noisy, coarse-mouthed, irrepressible and disloyal politician. He thinks it shows ability to make attacks upon prominent men, who are on the opposite side of politics to himself, and for a long time past he has been engaged in making unfounded charges and scurrilous flings at Gen. Butler. His name is Pomeroy, and his party friends are wont to call him "Brick Pomeroy." Well, "Brick," we suppose, was desirous some time ago of "covering himself with glory," and accordingly he published a letter in his paper signed by General Butler, in which that gentleman notifies him that he has commenced an action for libel against him, laying his damages at $100,000, but notifies "Brick" that if he now ceases his vituperation, the suit will be withdrawn. To this letter Pomeroy makes a grandiloquent reply, and tells General Butler to go ahead, do his best, and winds up by saying that when the suit begins Butler must give him time to "bide his spoons," &c. It now turns out that no suit for libel was thought of by Butler, that he did not know the insignificant creature by reputation even, and that the letter published by "Brick," as coming from Butler to him was a forgery, got up, no doubt, by Pomeroy himself, who thought Butler would never see it, and that the circumstance would invest him with an importance at home that he could not otherwise obtain. But, alas for "Brick!" Butler found out what he was at and thus stamps the forgery and exposes the trick:

To the Editor of the N. Y. Tribune.

SIR: May I ask you to stamp a forgery? An announcement is going the rounds of the papers that I have brought a suit against one Pomeroy, of the La Crosse, Wisconsin, *Democrat*, for libel. That action, so contrary to my determined silence as to newspaper slanders, needed confirmation, so the *Democrat* publishes a letter purporting to be signed by me, offering to withdraw the suit, to which he makes a grandiloquent and abusive reply. Need I say that I have brought no suit against him or any other slandering scribbler? The letter is a forgery to bolster a lie. Yours, truly,

BENJ. F. BUTLER.

New York, Feb. 4, 1867.

Impeaching Presidents.

The present attempt to impeach the highest officer of the Government, is not the only one of the kind that has been made. In January, 1848, John M. Botts, then a member of Congress from Virginia, preferred charges against John Tyler, who had succeeded Harrison to the Presidency of the United States. These charges embraced usurpation of power, violation of law, abuse of the power of appointment and removal, aiding to excite a disorganizing spirit in the country, whereby the several States were invited to disregard and disobey a law of Congress, retaining men in office for months after they had been rejected by the Senate; arbitrary, despotic and corrupt abuse of the veto power; illegal and unconstitutional exercise of power, &c.

Mr. Botts moved that a committee of nine be appointed to investigate these charges, and report whether articles of impeachment should be presented; and on a vote being taken his motion was lost—yeas, 88; nays 127—The attempt was then abandoned—Mr. Botts did not get his project into the hands of a committee even, and in this respect was not as successful as Mr. Ashley has been. The latter gentleman presented his charges, had them referred to a committee, who are now investigating them, but who will in all probability give them an adverse report.

Within the past few weeks, the Radicals have made two changes in the Beaver Postoffice. First, they removed Miss Maggie Anderson and had Miss Serinda McGaffick appointed as Postmistress. The latter lady not suiting their style, they have had her removed and Miss Mary A. McGaffick appointed in her place.—*Local.*

Nearly every word of this is false. Miss Anderson tendered her resignation months before it was accepted, and not only had there been no fault found with her as an officer, but every "radical" in the town, so far as we are advised, regretted the step she had taken in asking to be relieved of her official duties. When her resignation was finally accepted, however, the younger Miss McGaffick was appointed in her stead, and when the *Local* says she did not suit the "radical style," it simply says what is not true. The manner in which she discharged her duty was satisfactory to the "radicals" and to the community in general, but unfortunately her *age* did not fill the requirements of the Post Office Department, and hence another appointment had to be made. These are facts well known to this community, and why the *Local* becomes so mean as to try to create the impression abroad that these young ladies were tried as officers in the Beaver Post office, and failed to render satisfaction, and had to be removed, is more than we can account for. To say it is "small business," is perhaps the most charitable construction that its conduct will bear.

The Pending Jury Bill.

Most of the readers of the *Argus* will recollect that Governor Curtin, in his last message to the Legislature, recommended the passage of an act authorizing the election of two Jury Commissioners in each county, to be selected as Inspectors of Elections are now chosen. The cause assigned by the Governor for this recommendation was that of keeping politics out of the jury box.

To carry into effect the Governor's suggestion, a bill has been read in the Senate which provides that the qualified voters of each county shall, at the next general election, choose two persons to serve as Jury Commissioners for three years following their election, and the manner of choosing will result in one of these being taken from each of the two political parties. Thus selected, they will meet thirty days before the first term of the Court of Common Pleas in each year, and proceed to designate, alternately, the names of persons who shall serve as jurors in the several courts for that year. This bill, it passed by the Legislature, and becomes a law, will give us in each panel an equal number of Republicans and Democrats; and the friends of the measure claim that politics will thus be driven from the jury box, and justice meted out to all. We think otherwise. Defective as probably the present mode of designating jurors is, it is infinitely better, in our opinion, than the one proposed. As selected now, the most intelligent, sober and judicious persons from the county at large are taken, without regard to their political proclivities; and very rarely does it happen that either the judges, attorneys or litigants know the politics of a majority of the jurors sitting before them. Political opinions, then, surely have but little to do with our jury decisions, as these juries are now constituted. But the pending bill, while it sets up an imaginary evil, and proposes to knock it down, really entails the very wrong it would avoid. The office of Jury Commissioner would be looked upon as a very trivial one, and but little attention would be paid to the character of the persons filling it. This being the case, it would not unfrequently happen that our Jury Commissioners would be selected from that class of persons who are characterized as "loose in the twist," and in this event qualifications, sobriety and good standing would be wholly lost sight of, and the political affinities of this man and that man would be thoroughly canvassed, with a view of making [illegible] intending wrong, our panels would be frequently made up in this manner of a majority of men without character, or intelligence sufficient to appreciate the duties which they are called upon to discharge. To place the life, liberty and property of the citizen in such hands, would be incurring risks that but few would be willing to run. In addition to this, there are hundreds of illiterate, drunken voters in each of the counties of the State, who do not now know the manner of drawing jurors, nor by whom drawn, that would force themselves upon the notice of these Commissioners. They would "badger" these officers themselves, and bring the pressure of their friends to bear upon them until they succeeded in having their names put in the box. Neither the general good nor the furtherance of public justice, would be thought of by these mendicants; but, on the contrary, their whole aim would be to gratify a desire to lay around the Court House for a week or two at the public expense.

The office of Jury Commissioner would be a new one, and while it would fail to accomplish any good whatever, it could not be maintained but at a heavy cost to the tax-payers of the respective counties of the State. Under these circumstances, we would much rather see the bill fail than pass the Legislature; and if an improvement on the present mode of selecting jurors is really needed, let some other effort at reform than this be tried.

In the State of Ohio the townships elect annually two Trustees, whose duty it is, among other things, to select a fixed per centage of the voters of the township to serve as jurors for each year. These are returned to the county commissioners, and the names put in the jury wheel. Having no Township Trustees in our State, this duty might with safety be entrusted to the election officers of each township. Two of these are chosen from one party, and the third from the other, and thus constituted, there could be no political unfairness in selecting our jurors.

THE report of Thomas H. Burrows, State Superintendant of the Soldiers Orphans has just been published, and contains many intere-ting facts. During the past year four new schools have been established, and the number of pupils admitted during the year is 1,575, and the total number of scholars on the 1st of December was 2,658, of which 1,591 were boys and 1,067 girls. The expense of the system for the year was $303,149,28.

THE Harrisburg *Telegraph* urges the election of Ben Wade to the Presidency of the United States Senate before that body adjourns on the 4th of March. While there are many other men in the Senate who would doubtless make good presiding officers we believe there is none in it whose selection would be so well received or so heartily approved by the loyalists of the country as would that of sturdy and fearless Ben Wade, of Ohio. The country has learned to look upon him with confidence, and the condition in which it now finds itself, should teach the necessity of placing none but fearless, honest and tried Unionists at the head of either branch of Congress.—Senator Wade fills these requirements, and we earnestly hope that the Senate will select him as its future presiding officer, until another is chosen by the people.

Gubernatorial Pardons.

That the pardoning power has been much abused in Pennsylvania, is very apparent. Criminals of the very worst character have been caught, tried, convicted and sent to the Penitentiary, and then, through Executive clemency, have been turned loose to begin anew their infamous crimes, in perhaps, the same community that had suffered at their hands, and brought them to punishment before. Not only has this condition of things existed within the past few years, but it has extended back for a period of eight or ten Gubernatorial terms.—Under these circumstances, we hail with pleasure the announcement that Governor Geary has put his "foot down," and that during his term the pardoning power will be used with extreme caution. He has therefore given notice that in all applications for Executive clemency the following rules will be adopted:

First. No pardon will be granted until notice of the application therefor shall have been given by publication, once a week, for two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed in the county in which the conviction was had.

Sec. No pardon will be granted unless notice of the application shall have been given to the judge who tried the cause, to the district attorney, or to the attorney who prosecuted, proof of which notice shall be furnished this Department.

Third. All applications for pardon must have with them the following papers, written in a clear and distinct hand:

1. A certified copy of the whole record, including docket entries, minutes of court, copy of indictment, pleas, and all other papers on file in the court relating to the case.

2. A full statement of the reasons upon which the application is based, [illegible] of evidence taken on trial; letters from responsible persons in the community where the crime was committed; a recommendation from the jurors who sat on the trial, and if any of them refuse to recommend a pardon, reason given for such refusal; letter from the district attorney or counsel who tried the case; and a letter from the judge, setting forth his views upon the subject of the application.

Fourth Recommendation for pardon for unexpired terms of sentence, must have a copy of the whole record as before required. Also a copy of commitment, petition from prisoner setting forth reasons, and statement from Warden and Inspectors of the Prison.

Fifth. No personal applications will be permitted.

Sixth. All of the above papers, when submitted, must be accompanied by a printed copy of same, in pamphlet form, twelve copies of which, at least, must be sent to this Department. If the parties are *too poor*, the paper book need not be printed.

Seventh. As these rules are intended to subserve the administration of justice, they will be strictly enforced and relaxed only when good reasons shall be furnished for so doing.

Woman's Voting in New Jersey.

To the Editor of the N. Y. Tribune.

SIR: Mrs. Stanton in her address before the Legislative Committee on Woman's Suffrage, is reported in your paper of the 23d inst., as follows:

"From a recent examination by Lucy Stone of the archives of the State of New Jersy, we learn that owing to a liberal Quaker influence, women and negroes exercised the right of suffrage in that State 31 years—from 1776 to 1807—when 'white males' amended the Constitution and arbitrarily assumed the reins of Government."

The fact is, the the Constitution adopted in 1776, which secured suffrage to "all inhabitants," &c., remained unchanged in this particular till 1844.

But in 1807 a Legislature elected by universal suffrage, violated the Constitution by enacting a law which prohibited, under penalty, any but white male citizens from exercising the franchise. This act was a crime which could never have been committed against white men. Nor could it be again against negroes, whose claim to political equality is finding advocates everywhere, as it should.

But for the women, now, as then, neither reformer, statesman, or politician thinks they should be so much as named in this solemn hour, when old things are passing away, and when the only reconstruction which can possibly avail to save this nation, is that which is based on the consent of all the governed. Yours, respectfully,

Newark, Jan. 27, 1867. LUCY STONE.

The New Programme.

The Presidential has been in consultation with several Governors of the Southern States upon a plan of reconstruction [illegible] new, definitely announced, but they have agreed upon the following [illegible] to be put side by side with the Constitutional Amendments, as proposed by the last Congress and ratified by the people.

EXISTING CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.	PROPOSED SUPPLEMENTARY ARTICLES.
ARTICLE 14—SEC. 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.	ARTICLE 14—SEC. 1. No State, under the Constitution, has a right of its own will to renounce its place in the Union, nor has the Federal Government any right to eject a State from the Union, or to deprive it of its equal suffrage in the Senate, or of representation in the House of Representatives.—The Union, under the constitution, shall be perpetual.
SEC. 2. Representatives shall be appointed among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crimes, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.	SEC. 2. The public debt of the United States, authorized by law, shall ever be held sacred and inviolate, but neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the government or authority of the United States.
SEC. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States, or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.	SEC. 3. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the States in which they reside; and the citizens of each State shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States. No State shall deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.
SEC. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection and rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debt, obligations or claims shall be held illegal and void.	SEC. 4. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when any State shall, on account of race or color, or previous condition of servitude, deny the exercise of the elective franchise at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, members of Legislature and other officers elective by the people to any of the male inhabitants being such State, being 21 years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion or other crimes, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens 21 years of age in such State.
SEC. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce, by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.	SEC. 5. Also the following to be part of the Constitution of each State: Every male citizen a year in the State, and six months in the country immediately preceding an election, and who can read the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution of the United States in the English language, and the owner of two hundred and fifty dollars worth of taxable property, shall be entitled to vote: Provided, that no person who has heretofore voted shall be excluded from voting.

It will be seen that these plans differ in several particulars, but the chief difference is that the one is in favor of restoring rebels to all their former rights and privileges without punishment, and without making their treason odious, while the other imposes a disability which brands them with crime until Congress sees proper to remove it.

This new plan, however, will hardly be adopted, for neither the Unionists or Democrats in Congress appear willing to give it countenance or promise it support. The reader will notice that in this plan the President has taken a long stride toward Congress, and it is quite possible that by the time the Fortieth Congress comes to meet, other strides will be taken in the same direction, which will bring the Legislative and Executive Departments of the Government into something like harmonious action.

The Case of Hon. C. V. Culver.

The Philadelphia *Telegraph*, commenting on the acquittal of this gentleman, as the result of the late trial at Franklin, says: "While public feeling, immediately after the failure of Culver, Penn & Co., ran high against him, yet time has allowed the passion to cool, and he who was first reviled as a scoundrel, has shown himself only an unfortunate gentleman.—The fact that his acquittal was received with applause by the entire audience shows what way public feeling tended at his home, and is the best evidence of his innocence."

Truth Vindicated.

The copperhead papers of the country, after indulging in all kinds of reckless charges against Gen. Canby, our Senator elect, wind up their abuse by saying that he was "forced" as to oblige Mr. Lincoln to turn him out of his Cabinet." The following correspondence ought to be satisfactory to every candid person on that point:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, Jan. 11, 1862.

DEAR SIR—Though I have said nothing, hitherto, in response to your wish, expressed long since, to resign your seat in the Cabinet, I have not been unmindful of it. I have been only unwilling to consent to a change at a time and under circumstances which might give occasion to misconstruction, and unable, till now, to see how such misconstruction could be avoided.

But the desire of Mr Clay to return home, and to offer his services to his country in the field, enables me now to gratify your wish, and at the same time evince my personal regard for you and my confidence in your patriotism, ability and fidelity to public trust.

I therefore tender to your acceptance—if you still desire to resign your present position—the post of Minister to Russia. Should you accept it you will bear with you the assurance of my undiminished confidence, of my affectionate esteem, and of my sure expectation that, near the great sovereign whose personal and hereditary friendship for the United States so much endears him to Americans, you will be able to render services to your country not less important than those you could render at home. Very sincerely your friend,

A. LINCOLN.

Hon SIMON CAMERON.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11, 1862.

DEAR SIR:—I have the honor to acknowledge your favor of this date, and to thank you, with profound respect, for its kind and generous tone. When you were elected President (a result to which I contributed my best exertions), I had no thought of leaving the Senate of the United States, or of accepting any position in your gift. But when you invited me to Springfield, Illinois, and presented me the choice of two named places in the list of your constitutional advisers, I could not, for grave public reasons, and after grave reflection, refuse a trust so trying and laborious. My life had been one of constant labor and excitement. I looked to the Senate as the best field, after such a life, in which to serve my country and my State. It was only when I realized that I might be of service to the general cause in the darkly foreshadowed future, that I ventured to undertake the manifold and various responsibilities of the War Department. I felt when I saw the traitors leaving their seats in Congress, and when the Star of the South was fired upon in Charleston harbor, that a bloody conflict was inevitable.

I have devoted myself without intermission to my official duties. I have given to them all my energies. I have done my best. It is impossible, in the direction of operations so extensive, but that some mistakes happen, and some complications and complaints arise. In view of these reflections I thank you from a full heart for the expression of your confidence in my ability, patriotism and fidelity to public trust. Thus, my own conscientious sense of doing my duty by the Executive and by my country, is approved by the acknowledged head of the Government itself.

When I became a member of your administration I avowed my purpose to retire from the Cabinet, as soon as my duty to my country would allow me to do so. In your letter of this day's date, so illustrative of your just and upright character, you revive the fact, that some time ago I expressed the same purpose to you; and, in reminding me of this you proffer for my acceptance one of the highest diplomatic positions in your gift, an additional mark of your confidence and esteem.

In retiring from the War Department, I feel that the mighty army of the United States is ready to do battle for the Constitution; that it is marshaled by gallant and experienced leaders; that it is fired by the highest enthusiasm for the good cause, and all so that my successor in this department is my personal friend, who unites, to great intellect and vigor, the grand essential of being in earnest in the present struggle, and being resolved upon a speedy and overwhelming triumph of our arms. I therefore gratefully accept the new distinction you have conferred upon me. And as soon as important and long neglected private business has been arranged, I will enter upon the important duties of the mission to which you have called me.

Your obedient and humble servant,

SIMON CAMERON.

His Excellency, A. LINCOLN.

A Washington special says: The Republicans of this District are making a very thorough and active campaign in preparation for the coming municipal elections in this city and Georgetown. The Republican association is taking hold of the work in earnest, and is holding meetings in the different wards and forming auxiliary associations composed of both white and colored citizens. The colored leagues are also holding public meetings at various points in the two cities, which are addressed by white and colored speakers. They also discuss the political topics of the day, and instruct the colored voters as to their duties in their new political condition.

Mrs. Daniel E. Sickles, wife of Maj General Sickles, was buried in New York on sunday last with imposing ceremonies. The funeral rites were performed by a Catholic clergyman.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PLEASE STOP!

And examine our large Stock of Winter Goods, to be closed out astonishing CHEAP.

TO READ THIS

Will be of great advantage to the people of Beaver county in purchasing GOOD GOODS at a GREAT REDUCTION.

AND CONSIDER

That we have bought our stock since the late decline; the same consisting of

French Merinos,	Prints,
Coburgs,	Flannels,
Paris Plaids,	Tickings,
Poplins,	Table Linen,
Poplin Stripes,	Muslins,
Empress Cloth,	Shawls,
All Wool Delaines,	Blankets,
Delaines,	Gloves,
Ginghams,	Hoods & Scarfs,

Together with an endless variety of Foreign and Domestic Goods, all of which will positively be sold *regardless to cost, in order to close out our whole Stock.* In giving us a call, you will find us always in readiness to show our goods with pleasure, and then leave it to

YOUR OWN

Judgment. Finally, we would say that we guarantee full satisfaction regarding the quality of Goods, and particularly the extremely low prices of the same, both of these facts will be to your own

INTEREST.

We shall be happy to attend to all wishing to favor us with their patronage.

Very respectfully,

NELSON & ROESSLER.

In the Diamond, Rochester, Pa.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:

IN the Orphans' Court of said County, before the Hon. B. B. Chamberlin, President, and his associate Justices of said Court. In the matter of the partition of the real estate of Adam Graham dec'd. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to Nancy. Graham, (widow,) Mary B. Marquis, formerly Mary B. Graham; Minerva, intermarried with Thos. H. Cooper, all of whom reside in the borough of Freedom, Beaver county, Pa.; Emily, intermarried with James Hooper, residing in Grundy county, Missouri; Adam W. Graham, residing in Paducah, Kentucky; Theodore Graham, of Freedom borough, aforesaid; all of whom are sons and daughters of said decedent; also grand children, viz: children of Adam Graham, dec'd, who was a son of intestate, and died before his decease; viz: Agetta Graham, Helen M. Graham, John Lewis Graham and William Graham, all of whom reside in Beaver county aforesaid, the last three being minors and having Thos. M. Elliott of New Brighton, in said county, for their guardian,—and all others interested, greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before the Hon. Judges of our said court, at an Orphan's Court, to be held at Beaver on the third Monday of March next, 1867, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said intestate at the valuation of the inquest, and found to contain as follows, situate in the borough of Freedom aforesaid, to wit: Purpart "A," house and lot valued at $1200; purpart "B," being vacant lot lying north of public road, or street, valued at $125; purpart "C," being lot of ground containing one and one-fourth acres, lying north of Virtue st., valued at $416; and in the event of non-acceptance, to show cause why the same should not be sold. A true copy of rule. J. S. LITTELL, Sheriff.

feb13'67

NOTICE IN PARTITION.

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:

IN the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, before the Honorable Judges of said Court. In the matter of the petition for partition of the real estate of George Smith, dec'd. And now to wit: November 14th, 1866, the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of the said George Smith, dec'd., to wit: William Smith, petitioner, residing in Washington borough, Washington county, Pa.; Jas. T. Smith, whose post-office address is Library, Allegheny, Pa.; Mary Edwards, a sister, residing in South Beaver township, Beaver county aforesaid; Sarah M'Caskey, (wife of Andrew M'Caskey) residing, when last heard from, in Richland county, Ohio; Nancy Gilbertson, a sister, whose residence is unknown; Jane Link, a sister, now a widow, of Marshall county, West Virginia; Ellen Parker, a sister, wife of James Parker, residing, when last heard from, in the vicinity of Cadiz, Ohio, and all others interested, to shew cause, if any they have, why an inquest to make partition or valuation of the real estate of said intestate should not be awarded at an Orphans' Court to be held at Beaver, in and for the county of Beaver, on the the third Monday of March, 1867. A true copy of Rule:

Attest: J. S. LITTELL, Sheriff.

Soldiers, Attention!

SOLDIERS who have been wounded in line of duty while serving in the U. S. Army, honorably discharged from the service, and who are still able to do Garrison duty, can enlist in the 45th U. S. Infantry (Veteran Reserve Corps) Regular Army, at No. 126 Fourth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The 45th is a new Regiment: non commissioned staff and non-commissioned officers of nine companies remain to be appointed. Men enlisted only to do Garrison duty. Any wound, however slight, entitles a man to join. Wounds which disqualify, are loss or shortening of leg or arm, or wound preventing application from walking or handling arms. Regiment stationed at Taylor Barracks, Louisville, Ky. Address BEN. P. RUNKLE,

Major 45th U. S. Infantry V. R. C.

feb13'67—2t PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR SALE.

THE FARM in the "Four Mile Square," Brighton tp., Beaver county, formerly occupied by Armstrong Jelly, deceased, is now offered for sale. For particulars, address A. M. JELLY.

feb13'67—3t. 1617 Sansom St. Phila.

NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

NO. 87

Market St.,

(West Side, near Market House)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.

having opened an entire new Stock of Goods, bought for CASH, are able to offer inducements that cannot be found in an old stock.

CALICOES from 12½ to 25 cts. per yard.
BLEACHED MUSLIN, 12½ cts. and upward.
TABLE LINENS, 62½ cts. and upward.
CLEAN BLANKETS, $5.00
IRISH LINENS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, FLANNELS, MERINOS, ALPACAS, &c.

The stock will be found complete—Goods Wholesale at Eastern Prices.

feb13'67—3m.

SELECT SCHOOL.

THE Spring term of the Hookstown Select School will open March 26, 1867. The teachers, who will spare no labor to make it a first class institution. All branches usually taught in such schools will receive attention, and every facility will be offered the Student for obtaining a knowledge of Mathematics, the Sciences and Classics.

Boarding and rooms will be furnished to Students in the town at most reasonable rates. Rooms for self boarding can be obtained if desired.

Rates of tuition for term of fourteen weeks: Classics with higher Mathematics, $10.00; higher Mathematics and Sciences, $8.00; Primary branches, $6.00.

A. H. CALVERT, A. B., Prin.
M. M. PATTERSON, Ass't.

feb13'67—3t.

HOUSE FOR SALE.

A HOUSE and nearly one-half acre of land for sale in the vicinity of Vanport one mile below Beaver town. The house has five rooms and buttery; quite a selection of fruit; good garden; school convenient. An excellent well of water at the door, that never fails. Terms easy. Enquire of J. B. Harrah, at Court House, or J. C. Wilson, Esq., Beaver, Pa. [Local copy.] [feb13'67—4t.

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his house and lot in Beaver. The lot is 120 feet on Third street, and 300 feet back to an alley. There is abundance of good fruit on the lot. The house is a substantial brick building with eight rooms and good cellar, and is in the west end of town.

Also his farm of 10½ acres, known as the Joseph A. Wray farm, is two miles north of Beaver—has good improvements, and is all underlaid with a thick vein of bituminous coal, for which there is a good market in the surrounding towns. For the [illegible] apply to the subscriber in Beaver.

feb13'67—6t. JOHN B. STEEN.

STRAYED.

STRAYED from the subscriber, on Wednesday, 6th inst., a small cow, dark brown color, sprinkled on the breast with white, very fat, and had when she left a leather band around her neck, with a ring in it, about 3 years old, straight horns. Any person returning her, or any information leading to her whereabouts will be liberally rewarded.

PETER ANGEL.

Bridgewater, near the Bridge.

[Local copy.]

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of PETER SMAIL, late of Big Beaver township, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANDREW WATTERSON, Executor.
feb13'67—6t. Big Beaver township.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of ABRAHAM HAVICH, late of Franklin township, Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HUGH MARSHALL, North Sewickley tp.
feb13'67. Administrator.

ADJOURNED SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned, Trustees appointed by said Court to make sale of the real estate of Rebecca Mulvaney, dec'd, under proceedings in partition of said real estate, will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry, at the Court House in Beaver, on

MONDAY, March 18th, 1867,

at 12 o'clock, M., all the following described real estate, situate in said county of Beaver, State of Pennsylvania, viz:

No. 1. Academy lot No. [illegible] in Beaver, containing about 8 acres, bounded by lands of the Reserve tract, lot No. 20, Georges lane, &c., all cleared and under fence, on which are erected the mansion house of the deceased; a large two story brick dwelling with 8 rooms and hall; frame kitchen attached; a good cellar underneath; the water [illegible] good cistern underneath the kitchen; a large frame dwelling house (two stories high) with four rooms; a large frame bank barn (stone basement) 60 by 40 feet, with stabling underneath—all well finished; a brick [illegible] house, coal house and buggy house; a large two story frame tenant house; a stable, corn house, and other outbuildings. The buildings and improvements in good order. A good orchard on the premises. The said premises being designated as purpart "A" in the plot exhibited, dampaying the return of the inquest making partition as aforesaid.

No. 2. A tract of land in Brighton township, bounded south by the Ohio river, west by land of Hugh Anderson, north east by the tract or parcel No. 8, next hereinafter described, containing 179 acres and 10 perches. About 90 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation, balance well timbered—principally well watered; designated as purpart No. 2 in the return of the inquest aforesaid.

No. 3. A tract of land in the township aforesaid, bounded north by land of [illegible] Kenzie and tract No. 4, hereinafter described, east by Academy lots, &c., south by land of Power and others, and west by parcel No. 2, above described, containing 124 acres and 140 perches. About 80 acres cleared and in good state of cultivation; balance well timbered, well watered, a good bearing apple orchard on the premises, and on which is erected a frame hay house, designated as purpart "C" in the plot and return of the inquest aforesaid.

The above embraces some excellent property in good condition, lying within 3 miles of Beaver; and will be sold separately as above described, or two or more parcels together.

TERMS—One third of the purchase money to be paid upon confirmation of sale by the Court, one third in one year, and the balance in two years from the date of confirmation with interest from same time, the deferred installments to be secured by bond and mortgage. For further information inquire of the undersigned.

JOS. C. WILSON, } Trustees.
JOHN JOHNSTON, }

Beaver county, Pa.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

February 13th, 1867.

LOCAL and MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The attention of the public is directed to the following new advertisements which appear for the first time in the *Argus* to-day:

Dry Goods—Nelson & Roessler.
Partition Notices—Sheriff Littell.
Soldiers Attention—Maj. Runkle.
For Sale—A. M. Jelly.
Dry Goods—Burchfield & Co.
Select School—A. H. Calvert & M. M. Patterson.
For Sale—Harrah or Wilson.
For Sale—J. R. Slentz.
Ferry—Peter Angel.
Executor's Notice—A Watterson.
Administrator's Notice—H. Marshall.

W. BINGHAM, Jr., 54 Fifth st., Pittsburg, is the authorized agent for the ARGUS in that city.

ANSWER TO RIDDLE No. 2.—A correspondent from Darlington, also one from Rochester, send us answers to the riddle in last week's *Argus*. They are both correct: "The whale swallowed Jonah."

THE WEATHER.—The weather, for the past day or two has been mild and pleasant, and a general break-up is anticipated. The river is comparatively clear of ice, and in good running order.

EXTRA SERVICES.—We are requested to state that there will be public services in the Presbyterian Church of this place on Thursday evening next at early candle light, and to be continued every evening during the week

ANOTHER REJECTION.—Ex-Mayor Lowry's nomination as surveyor of customs at Pittsburgh was rejected by the Senate on Saturday last. In relation the *Dispatch* says: "How are you, Lowry?"

PITTSBURGH DISPATCH.—The Pittsburgh Daily *Dispatch* came to us last week greatly improved. It is now printed in quarto form, and its general appearance, sprightliness and enterprise, is excelled by but few papers in the country. It claims the largest circulation in Western Pennsylvania.

REAL ESTATE.—The attention of the readers of the *Argus* is directed to the advertisement of Rev. A. M. Jelly, who offers for sale a farm in Brighton township. We are informed that this is a fine piece of land and will be sold low. Persons desiring to purchase will please visit the property and correspond with Mr. J. before investing elsewhere.

VALENTINE DAY.—To-morrow (the 14th) is Valentine Day, and we judge from "surface indications" that missives of love, fun and malice will float around thick in these parts. Young "lovers" will generally deal in the sentimental article, while those wishing a little sport, or desiring to gratify a vicious disposition and to wound the feelings of others, will purchase and mail the meaner sort of caricatures.

NEW DEPOSITORY.—We are sorry to learn that on Monday last Col. Ed. O'Brien accidentally had his left eye burnt out by a piece of hot iron thrown by the heated metal coming in contact with the damp in the ladle.—*Lawrence Journal*.

Col. O'Brien, we believe, was connected with the 140th Pa. Vols.—the regiment formerly commanded by Col. Quay, of this county. His old comrades in this county will sympathize with their former leader in the affliction that has befallen him.

CHURCH ITEMS.—Night services have been held for some time past in the Presbyterian and Methodist churches of this place, with entire satisfying results.

Rev. Bowary, the pastor of the Presbyterian congregation, received into his church, on last Sunday a week ago, quite a number of new converts.

Rev. Bracken, of the M. E. church, has been conducting a protracted meeting here for some five or six weeks. He has added some forty or forty-five new members to his congregation. His meetings are still continued.

A LITTLE IN THE JAIL.—On Wednesday last a trial of muscular development occurred in the county jail between two of the inmates. King, who is said to be the owner of a large lot of vicious flats, felt a desire on that day to "lick" one Isaac Thompson, colored, who is himself in prison on a charge of assault and battery. The jailor was absent at the time. Isaac, of course, did not believe that the other was able to execute his purpose, and roundly told him so. The parties, thus encouraged each other, agreed on a trial, and to it they went; but after a short conflict the Saxon proved too much for the African, and the two were separated by the other prisoners. The Sheriff, afterwards learning that King had solicited and provoked the battle, assigned him, in the evening, to a private apartment, and, we believe, has him now on that character of food best adapted to the contraction of his physical proportions, and which will, in the end, bring about a gradual reduction of his fighting muscle.

HORSE STEALING.—On Wednesday night of last week two horses belonging to a lady living near Baden, this county, were stolen by some person or persons, at present unknown. On the same night a horse was also taken from the stable of Dr. Linnenbrink, of Rochester. The thieves took the direction of Pittsburgh, and on the day following the robbery, the two horses first named were found running at large in Allegheny city. No clue as to who took them there has yet been obtained. The horse stolen from Dr. Linnenbrink has not yet been discovered, and we believe, no traces of him are known. A saddle with wooden stirrups was taken with the horse.

The county appears to be overrun with rascals just now, and persons having movable property should see that it is well guarded by locks, &c., and if they are in possession of "shooting irons," they should likewise be careful to have them loaded and close at hand. The wounding of one or two of these desperadoes would have the effect of checking up the whole of them in their desperate career.

TO WOUNDED SOLDIERS.—The attention of honorably discharged soldiers is called to the advertisement of the 84th Regiment U. S. Infantry, to be found in another column. Any wounded, however slight, entitles a man to join, and none who are able to walk or handle arms are disqualified. The corps is one of honor, and is enlisted for Garrison duty.

ASSESSOR APPOINTED.—J. R. Ruple Esq. of Washington county has been appointed Assessor of Internal Revenue for this District, in place of Wm. Quail. Mr. Ruple is a Republican, unobjectionable to his party in that county, and will no doubt be confirmed by the Senate immediately.

RIDDLES.—We are overrun with riddles—We have been receiving one or two daily, since our last issue, and on Saturday last we were the recipient of five letters by mail, and on Monday four more on the riddle question. We have therefore about fifteen puzzles on hand now, for which publication has been requested. If riddles are good we have got too much of a good thing, and will therefore "incontinently suspend further operations" in that particular.

A CRUEL "PARIENT."—The new Lisbon *Buckeye State* of last week gives the particulars of a rich affair which occurred in that county a few nights before. A young man fell in love with a young lady. The girl reciprocated. The parents were irate. The young man wrote his "duck" a note, stating that he would be at her window at a particular hour of a certain night that she must be ready and they would elope. The note accidentally fell into the mother's hands instead of the young lady's. When the time came the old lady was in waiting at the window, and on the "lover" making his signal she sallied forth to meet him. And such a meeting! The "gay and festive" youth swore for awhile, then mounted his steed and retired in disgust.

A Fox Hunt.

INDUSTRY, Feb. 11, 1867.

EDITOR ARGUS:—Allow me through the columns of your dear old *Argus* to give you an account of a great Fox Hunt that came off in Moon Township, on last Friday and Saturday. The hunt was as follows: First day's was Mr. Kerr's, of said township. We started in the morning and loosed 13 hounds, and away they all went. Directly a Mr. Fox came around and it ran but a little way till it holed. Some of the dogs started in pursuit of another, and ran it up towards Scottsville, where it holed likewise. We all returned then to the first one and dug him out, together with nine others, and one raccoon. This ended Mr. Kerr's hunt. Now comes that one managed by Mr. Shroads of the Beaver County Poor House, (a gentleman by the way that has received a full share of personal abuse,) who is as good a hunter as ever put a string on a "purp." Well, away we went again, with hearts full of fun, and accompanied by 18 of the long eared stock, each man thinking his particular "dorg" was the best in the crowd. A looker on would have supposed us to be a squad of Phil. Sheridan's. On reaching the designated point, the hounds were unstraped, a fox was soon routed up, which we chased in the direction of Logestown. We ran it for four or five hours, and then turned for home, and on our road we captured two raccoons. In the meantime one of the gentlemen, overjoyed with success, bantered the whole north side of the river for a hunt, and being the captain of the party from our side, I accepted the challenge in behalf of the fox hunting fraternity of our locality. And I invite every man that has any hunting stock to hold himself in readiness for the hunt—they gave the challenge, and this entitles me to select the ground. Samuel Miller's on Brady's Run, will therefore be our Headquarters. The hunt to take place on the 19th and 20th of February. Come one come all.

R. WALTON.

☞ We have received the following letter from the Commissioner of Agriculture, which explains itself:

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,
Washington, January 25, 1867.

SIR:—Your prompt and active co-operation is respectfully solicited in furtherance of the object of the following joint resolution of Congress, approved January 11, 1867:

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No. 2.]

"A Resolution to provide for the exhibition of the cereal productions of the United States at the Paris Exposition in April next.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of Agriculture be, and he is hereby, instructed to collect and prepare, so far as practicable, and with as little delay as possible, suitable specimens of the cereal productions of the several States of the Union, for exhibition at the Paris Exposition, and forward the same in proper order and condition for shipment to J. C. Derby, agent of the United States Government for the Paris Exposition, at New York: *Provided*, that it shall require no further appropriation from the public treasury.

An exhibition such as is proposed of the finest samples of the best varieties of wheat, corn, and other cereals, would command the admiration of Europe, as it would assuredly arouse the pride of all Americans, and I regret that this Department has not been authorized to make collections for this purpose until the present time. The Exposition opens on the first of April, and collections should be sent in a few days from the reception of this request to be in season for proper arrangement, packing, forwarding to New York, and transportation to Paris. You will render the country essential service by immediate and judicious action in this matter.

It is desirable that *small* packages of the finest sample, of the best varieties of such products of your neighborhood should be forwarded, by mail, in packages of two pounds or less, each distinctly marked with name, donor, local name, and county and State in which it was grown.

Such packages, addressed to the Commissioner of Agriculture, can be sent without postage from any post office in the United States. As it will be seen, the resolution makes no appropriation for this purpose; therefore, parcels should not be sent by express in any case, unless at the expense of communities represented. Very respectfully,

ISAAC NEWTON, Commissioner.

Lanes and Alleys Vacation Question.

ED. ARGUS.—The *Local* of last week contains a lengthy article with the above caption, abounding in so many glaring misstatements, that I ask a small space in your columns to correct a few of the more prominent ones:

"Some time since, Captain John May offered two lots, located on the hill on the north of the town and containing several acres each, for sale at public outcry."

Capt. John May did nothing of the kind.—The lots were offered at Orphan's Court Sale, as the property of the heirs of Capt. May's deceased wife—the Captain having no interest in them.

"A number of our best citizens wanted the lots, but learning the action of the Council, determined not to be in the way of their purchase by, and needed accession to the interests of, the borough."

Can it be possible that we have men in the town of Beaver guilty of the conduct implied in the foregoing paragraph? Is it true that a number of our "best citizens," in order that the Town Council might get the lots for a mere *bide*, actually *conspired* with a wealthy *corporation*, and stayed away from the sale, for the purpose of *defrauding* orphan children of a *fair* price for their property? Will our "best citizens" thank the *Local* for putting them in such an unenviable position? How do Messrs. Reisinger and Atkins enjoy the idea of standing before the community in the attitude of *combining* on bidders, in order that they might buy the property of orphan children *for little or nothing*? Does not the Bible teach them that they are to *be fathers* to orphans, not their *oppressors*?

"The sale was not, therefore, attended by a large number of our citizens, who would have been bidders had it not been for the action of the Council."

The sale was largely attended, and a good many of our "best citizens" were there as bidders also! Was not D. M. Donahoo there as a bidder? Was not John R. Blackmore there as a bidder? Was not P. P. Kuhn there as a bidder? Was not T. McCreery there as a bidder? Was not Henry Hice there as a bidder? Was not Hugh Anderson there as a bidder? Where will the *Local* go to find *better* citizens? Will Mr. Reisinger come out and say that the most, if not all, of the above named citizens did *not* bid against him?

"But Mr. Reisinger was not the only bidder. Opposed to him were D. L. Imbrie, one of the Council who had instructed Mr. Reisinger what bid to make, and Mr. Weyand, a county officer and a leading member of the Court House Clique and counsel to saints and ghosts. Mr. Reisinger bid to the end of his instructions; when, Imbrie and Weyand bidding a few cents more, the property was knocked down to them." " " "

Imbrie bid upon one of the lots containing no spring, for which the borough did not contend; therefore to say that he gave a *solitary* bid for the lot for which the borough was striving, is to say that which is wholly incorrect. Will Mr. Reisinger aver that he made any bid or bids in opposition to him? Imbrie as Councilman was opposed to the borough buying the lots in the absence of any law authorizing such purchase, and in the absence of any expression to that effect from the citizens. The understanding in Council was that Reisinger should not bid more than $150 per acre. He not only went to those figures, but he run up to $240 per acre, $90 per acre more than his limit, or in the aggregate nearly *six hundred dollars* beyond his instructions—a sum of rather more magnitude than the "*few cents*" alluded to above. Had the lots been knocked down to him, he would have saddled upon the borough a debt of at least $1,500 without the *warrant of law*, without the sanction of the tax-payers, and in direct opposition to the since expressed sentiments of a large portion of the citizens.

"Weyand, we understand, drew up a bill and putting it in the hands of Imbrie, the latter gentleman hustled off to Harrisburg."

Weyand did *not* draw up the bill. He never saw it, and to this hour is ignorant of its provisions, except from hear say. Imbrie *did* go to Harrisburg, but upon business other than to urge the passage of the bill,—and this is about the only grain of truth there is in the entire article.

"As soon as this intelligence (the passage through the House) reached Beaver, remonstrance was immediately made, and curses, loud and deep, were heaped upon the heads of the deceivers and their allies in the Legislature."

From whom did these loud and deep curses proceed? Was it from the people at large? No. A large proportion of the citizens are in favor of vacating said alleys. And those who circulated the remonstrance seemed to have so little confidence in its merits that they even *refused* to inform a number who signed reluctantly, where the alleys were located, or who had asked to have them closed. Was it from those whose property lay adjacent to said alleys, and who, if any, would be affected by their vacation? No. And although every effort was made to excite their *fears*, but one or two of those immediately interested could be induced to sign the remonstrance. Was it from those who are actuated by *selfish* and *disappointed* considerations—and who, for months, have been fuming and fretting because those lots have passed into other hands than their own? Yes, yes! And when those who are now making so much ado about nothing, and acting from such *pure and disinterested* motives, are *required* by the Court to open certain alleys running thro' their lots and farms, now enclosed, the products of which they appropriate to their own use from year to year, their curses will not only be *louder* and *deeper* but perhaps they will have some *foundation* to rest upon which those above alluded to have not.

A "GHOST."

Andrew Johnson's Spies.

The following papers were laid before the Senate on Wednesday:

MR. SEWARD TO THE PRESIDENT.

The Secretary of State, to whom was referred the resolution of the Senate of the 2d inst., requesting the President to communicate to that body, if in his opinion not incompatible with the public interest, a copy of the letter on which the Secretary of State founded his recent inquiries addressed to Mr. Motley, Minister of the United States at Vienna, with regard to his reported conversation and opinions, and to furnish the name of the writer of such letter, has the honor to lay before the President a transcript of the letter referred to

WILLIAM H SEWARD,
DEPARTMENT OF STATE, Washington,
Feb. 4, 1867.

GEORGE W. M'CRACKEN TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

PARIS, HOTEL MAURICE, Oct. 23, 1866.

MR. PRESIDENT: I have traveled a good deal in Europe during the past year, and had occasion to see something of our Ministers and Consuls in various countries. A large majority of those whom I met were bitterly hostile to you and your Administration, and expressed that hostility in so open and offensive a manner as to astonish American travelers, and to leave a very bad impression upon Europeans who were present. This was particularly true of those from the New England States, of whom a large majority of our foreign representation seems to be composed, and a very different set they are, individually and collectively.

Mr. Motley, Minister at Vienna, does not pretend to conceal his "disgust," as he styles it elegantly, at your whole conduct. Having been appointed exclusively by Charles Sumner, he applauds him and his revolutionary doctrines, despises American democracy, and proclaims loudly that an English nobleman is the model of human perfection. There is not in all Europe a more thorough flunkey or a more *un* American functionary. He tells every traveler that Sumner is entirely justified, and that you deserved your pledges and principles in common with Mr. Seward, who, he says, "is hopelessly degraded."

At Frankfort the consul Murphy, who is said to have sneered more than once at Andrew Johnson, declared repeatedly that the threat of his friend, Mr. Chandler, would be made good and ought to be, by your impeachment. This is notorious and a public scandal. The fellow himself is vulgar, ignorant and unworthy and is one of Chandler's tools.

Hale, at Madrid, conducted himself in course in a malignant manner to various Americans, and so did Morris at Constantinople.

Some of my friends who went to Morocco found McMath, at Tangier, rail violently and shamefully against you, saying he was ready to retire from such a concern.

Perry, at Tunis, was equally offensive in his language.

There are many others in the same boat, and it is time that better men were appointed—men, who will at least respect the President and the dignity of his office.

Radicalism of the worst sort makes war on you and your friends under every pretext, and yet the utterances of that faction are blatant all over Europe in condemnation of both. It is a shame and a sin to permit this longer.

Massachusetts seems to monopolize a lion's share of the consulates, and Boston has no less than three of the best missions—Messrs. Adams, Burlingame and Motley.

Is no other part of the country to be considered or worthy of notice? Must Sumner, Butler, Phillips, Chandler, and the like engross all the honors for their satellites?

I want nothing at your hands of any sort, but fit and decent men should be sent abroad, who will not slander the Chief Executive and the Government.

The consul at Genoa is a common drunkard, and a disgrace to the country. When sober he abuses the President in the hearing of everybody.—Respectable Americans are very much mortified by the presence of such unworthy persons in places of trust and responsibility, and few like the task of letting their experience be known, as I have done. There are hundreds who know much more, but prefer to remain silent.

Most respectfully,
GEO. W. M'CRACKEN,
Of New York.

A friend will deliver the note personally.

MARRIED:

On Jan. 31, by Rev. M. S. Kendig, Mr. HENRY SEVERNS, of Industry, to Miss MARY BRYAN, of Georgetown, Beaver county, Pa.

DIED:

On Jan. 28, 1867, at Unionville, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. SARAH A. WELSH, aged 93 years. The deceased was a resident of this county for 55 years, and was interred at New Brighton, Pa.

On Feb. 6, 1867, in Beaver, Pa., Capt. JOHN MAY, aged 65 years.

On Feb. 2, 1867, in Rochester, Pa., JANE, wife of Ovid Pinney, Esq., aged 76 years.

Music.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the Public that after the 1st of January, 1867, he will be prepared to give private lessons in Music to all who may favor him with their patronage. Lessons given at the residences of pupils, or at the room of the subscriber. Charges moderate.

EDWARD AMBUHL.

All orders left at Mr. Moore's Drug store, will receive prompt attention. [dec19'66:3m

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED offers at private sale his houses and lot in Beaver, Pa. The property is known as the "Hugh Anderson property," consisting of one lot, one Brick Dwelling House, one Frame Dwelling House and a Large Store-room and Warehouse. The brick contains eight, and the frame twelve rooms. The whole property is in good repair, and all necessary out-buildings are attached. Water at the door. The property will be sold together, or separately, as purchasers may desire. If not sold before the 20th of March, the brick will be for rent.

feb6'67.—tf. W. & W. H. JOHNSTON.

LIST OF LETTERS uncalled for remaining in the Post-Office, at Rochester, Pa., Feb. 11, 1867.

Adams D. & Co., Anderson L. F., Curry Hannah, Cross Andrew, Clark Mrs. Fanny M., Dickson James, Fitter John, Ford John, Glover James, Hogan Catharine, Harbison Wm., Helmath W., Krantwurst J. A., Lawrence H. W., Moffit J., McKee T. F., Mallon James, Nicholas Mrs., Noonan Mrs., Penny David, Reed Joseph, Ramsay & Warren, Stewart J., Shurlock & Sloan, Shephard Jesse, Siddons John, Thomas C. B., Walker James M., Warren Wm, Walker A. U., Zimerman Paul, Zahn Andrew.

T. M. TAYLOR, P. M.

Auditor's Notice

IN the Orphans' Court of Beaver county. In the matter of the exceptions to the account of Isaac Platt, Guardian of Matilda Herring, minor daughter of William Herring, late of Beaver county, deceased. Now to wit: August 15th, 1864, on motion the Court appoint M. B. Welsh, Esq., an Auditor to take testimony and report to the Court.—From the Record. By the Court.

JOHN A. FRAZIER, Clerk.

I will attend to the duties of the above appointment at the Court House in Beaver, on Saturday, the 23d inst., at 10 o'clock A. M

feb6'67. M. B. WELSH, Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of THOS. MCCORD, late of New Brighton, Beaver county, Penna., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

S. B. MCCORD, Administratrix,
feb6'67. New Brighton.

LAUGHING GAS!

ADMINISTERED BY DR. MURRAY, BRIDGEWATER, PA., in extracting teeth. I have added to my many other facilities for the successful prosecution of my profession, this invaluable pain-killing agent. All branches of Dentistry performed in the best and most modern style. All work done as cheaply, and fifty per cent. better, than at any other Steam Dental Establishment in the State. [my9'66:1y

Dunseath & Co.,

DEALERS IN

Fine Watches

CLOCKS, JEWELRY,

SILVER-WARE.

FANCY GOODS,

MUSICAL BOXES, &c.

No. 84 FOURTH STREET,

Pittsburg, Pa.

☞ Sole Agents for the American Watch Company's Watches.

PITTSBURGH

NATIONAL PLOW CO.,

ROCHESTER, PA.,

ARE MANUFACTURING

Steel and Cast Iron Plows

and would call the attention of the Farmers of Beaver county, wishing to purchase Plows or Plow Points, to the Superior Finish and Quality of our Work.

☞ ALL WORK WARRANTED. ☜

The Points and Landslides fit the corresponding numbers of Pittsburg plows.

☞ Old plow castings bought. [apr18:1y

BRIDGEWATER

Marble Works.

D. WOODRUFF,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Italian and American Marble.

MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES, &c., made to order.

Please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Shop opposite Dr. Smith's Drug Store, Bridge street, Bridgewater.

July 25, '66:1y D. WOODRUFF.

E. EDMUNDSON. W. B. BATEMAN. T. C. PERRINE.

F. EDMUNDSON & CO.

UPHOLSTERERS,

Nos. 96 & 98 Third st (near Wood)

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacture and keep on hand every article in their line, viz:

Curtain Goods, Lace Curtains, Cornices, Mouldings, Curtain Trimmings, Window Shades, Bedding, Pillows and Bolsters, Comforts, Blankets, Sheets and Slips, Cots, Springs and Mattresses of all kinds.

Steamboats and Hotels furnished on short notice.

ALSO DEALERS IN

Wall Papers, DECORATIONS, ETC.

dec19:4mo

THOMPSON AND GROETZINGER.

NO. 116 FEDERAL STREET,

ALLEGHENY CITY, PA,

Are now receiving a large and elegant stock of

PLAIN & FANCY SILKS,

SILK POPLINS,

French Merinos,

SHAWLS,

CLOAKS & FURS

Of Every Description.

They also offer an entire New Stock of

CARPETINGS & OIL CLOTHS,

All of the newest designs at reduced rates.

Nov.21'66.3m

GOOD GROCERIES CHEAP!

EDWARD HAZLETON, JR.

GROCER

AND

PRODUCE DEALER,

aug2:1y] No. 21 Diamond, Pittsburg

FLOUR.

A CHOICE LOT of Extra Family Flour just received and for sale by the bbl. or sack, at

A. S. HARVEY'S, Bridgewater.

S. J. CROSS & CO.

Second door above the Railroad,

NEW YORK STREET,

ROCHESTER, PA.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR SALE AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES,

A complete and well assorted Stock of

Dry Goods,

CONSISTING OF

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLIN, PRINTS, DELAINES, CORDED DE LAINES, FLANNELS, Plain and Barred, WOOL DELAINES, all Colors, BLACK SILK, TICKING, TABBING, TOWELING, CHECKS, JEANS, TWEEDS, SATINETS, CASSIMERE, BROADCLOTH, CLOAKING,

Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,

NOTIONS,

HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.

HATS AND CAPS,

Men's and Boys'—a large stock of the latest styles.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Men's, Women's and childrens Gum Shoes, Carpet Shoes, &c., &c.

Ready-Made Clothing.

SCHOOL BOOKS & STATIONERY.

Hardware.

A large and well assorted stock, consisting of

CUTLERY,

Carpenters' Tools, of all Kinds,

BUILDING HARDWARE, BUTTS, STRAP HINGES, SCREWS, SHUTTER HINGES, BOLTS, LOCKS, NAILS, &c.

Window Glass,

Of all sizes, single and double strength.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Paid to filling orders of Carpenters, Contractors and Builders for

HARDWARE,

GLASS AND NAILS,

LINSEED OIL,

BENZINE,

COAL'S PATENT DYER,

WHITE LEAD,

PUTTY,

PAINTS OF ALL COLORS.

GROUND, DRY AND IN OIL.

Painters will do well to examine our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Groceries.

A fresh and full supply constantly on hand at very lowest prices.

Choice Brands of

FLOUR,

IN BARRELS AND SACKS.

CARBON OIL,

LARD OIL,

QUEENSWARE,

STONE WARE, &c., &c

☞ All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

All kinds of grain and country produce taken in exchange for goods.

☞ S. J. CROSS is Conveyancer—Agent of Samuel Simes and the Rochester Band Co.—Also Agent of the Merchants' Union Express Company.

Remember the place:

CROSS' STORE,

SECOND BUILDING ABOVE THE RAILROAD,

NEW YORK STREET,

Rochester, Pa.

jan2'67—1yr.

GRAND CLOSING-OUT SALE!!!

GEALY'S

NEW MILLINERY, TRIMMING

AND SHOE EMPORIUM,

CORNER BRIDGE & MARKET STS.

BRIDGEWATER.

INTENDING TO REMOVE so much [illegible] house, and [illegible] occupied by J. M. Dickey, Esq., [illegible] water, I OFFER MY ENTIRE STOCK AT PRICES THAT WILL ASTONISH ALL.

Millinery

Of every description, cheaper than the cheapest. Velvet and Silk Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Plumes, Ornaments, &c.

A JOB LOT of Ladies and Misses Hats. Very Cheap. Call and see them.

Trimmings,

of all kinds, for Dresses and Cloaks, Gimps, Cords, Laces, Buttons, &c.

BALMORAL & HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS, HAIR NETS, BELTS, BUCKLES, &c.

MEN AND BOYS' HATS AND CAPS, MENS KNIT COATS.

LADIES' CLOTHS, ALL COLORS, Very cheap.

Cotton Batting, Country Flannels,

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Gents' and Ladies' Paper Collars,

Hosiery & Gloves,

FURS! FURS! FURS!

CLOSING OUT AT COST!

WOOLEN GOODS.

Zephyr Knit Shawls, Hoods, Nubias, Scotch Square and Long Shawls.

SHOES.

Selling off at less than cost.

MILLINERY.

Bonnets altered and cleaned, CHEAP.

Stamping, Pinking and Cloak Cutting and making on short notice.

Men's shirts made to order. Machine stitching.

CALL AND SEE ME.

NO TROUBLE to SHOW GOODS.

☞ Remember the place—corner Bridge and Market streets, Bridgewater.

WATT GEALY.

NEW GROCERY STORE!

THE undersigned takes pleasure in informing the people of Beaver and vicinity, that he has opened a

GROCERY STORE

in the building in which his Feed Store is now kept, on THIRD STREET, BEAVER, PA., where will be found an excellent assortment of

COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SORGHUM, RICE, PEPPERS, SPICES, SOAPS, CANDIES, RAISINS, ENGLISH CURRANTS, FIGS, &c.

Bedcords, Washtubs, Sieves, Tinware, and in fact every article usually kept in a well regulated Grocery Store.

In connection with his Grocery, he still continues to keep his Flour and Feed Store, where the best articles in this line are constantly kept, and offered cheap for Cash or Produce.

jan9'67:1y SIMON SNITGER.

Laughing Gas!

COME all ye that have been suffering the untold miseries of toothache, and dread of extraction, and you will find that Dr. Chandler & Co. are ready to relieve you by the use of the great pain-destroyer—*LAUGHING GAS*—and make their extraction a source of pleasure, rather than of pain.

All dental operations performed in the best possible manner, and at as reasonable terms as by any good Dentist in the county.

☞ Office in Beaver Station, Rochester, Pa

ja30'67—1y. T. J. CHANDLER & CO.

A. S. Harvey,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

Has received a fresh supply of

Cranberries,	Hominy
Canned Peaches,	Turkey Prunes,
" Tomatoes,	Layer Raisins,
" Green Corn,	Seedless Raisins,
" Plums,	English Currants,
Dried Corn,	Goshen Cheese,
" Peaches,	Sweet Potatoes,
Pickles,	No. 1 Mackerel.

Also, a prime assortment of Teas, Sugar, and Coffee,

☞ Terms, strictly CASH.

A. S. HARVEY,

nov28 Bridge street, Bridgewater.

ANDREW WRAY, ATTORNEY AT LAW.

PRACTICING IN THE SEVERAL COURTS OF BEAVER COUNTY, will promptly attend to all kinds of legal business in this or counties adjoining.

Collections will be expeditiously made in all amounts upon all sorts of claims, either in this county and State or in more distant localities.

In Conveyancing, immediate attention will be given to the drawing of bonds, deeds, leases, articles of agreement, to the furnishing of abstracts of title, and to the careful preparation of all sorts of legal instruments.

Mortgages, judgments and other securities in all sums bought or sold.

☞ Office in building of Jos. C. Wilson, Esq nearly opposite Moore's Drug Store. Third Street, Beaver, Pa. [aug15, '66.

Union Hotel

BEAVER, PA.

J. B. CLARK, *Proprietor.*

GOOD STABLING attached to the House.

WHEELER'S improved Patent Steam for sale at

jul4:1y J. & W. M'CLAIN'S Store.

C. U. MEYER. THOS. M. SMITH.

C. U. MEYER & Co.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

MANUFACTURERS OF

TIN and SHEET-IRON WARE,

AND DEALERS IN

JAPANNED, PLANISHED & PRESSED WARE,

House Furnishing Articles Generally.

Also, a general assortment of

Hardware,

CONSISTING OF

Nails, and for Sale, *SADDLERS' and SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS,*

Table & Pocket CUTLERY;

SCREWS, BUTTS, LOCKS,

STRAP HINGES, &c.

THE BEST CORN SHELLERS IN USE.

IRON, NAILS,

GLASS, &c., &c., &c.

Tin Roofing, Spouting and Jobbing done to order.

NO. 220 BROADWAY,

jan16'67—3m. *NEW BRIGHTON.*

SAVE YOUR HEALTH

BY BUYING

Pure Medicines.

AT

LOUIS BREHM & CO,

IN THE DIAMOND,

ROCHESTER, PA.

(One door from Fortune's Dry Goods Store,)

Can be found a full assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS, and

FINE LIQUORS;

Also, a full Assortment of

WINDOW GLASS,

PAINTS,

LINSEED OIL,

NEAT'S FOOT OIL,

SPERM OIL,

LARD OIL,

CARBON OIL,

AND

PURE AND SECOND QUALITY

WHITE LEAD:

Also, FINE TOILET SOAPS,

ALL VARIETIES BRUSHES,

THE BEST PERFUMERY

FANCY & TOILET ARTICLES,

AND POPULAR PREPARATIONS

FOR THE HAIR,

All kinds of Patent Medicines always on hand.

Also, CIGARS & TOBACCO,

My entire stock has been purchased for CASH and is offered at the very LOWEST PRICES.

☞ As I am a thoroughly educated Apothecary and Chemist, physicians and others can rely upon having their prescriptions accurately filled with *Pure Medicines only.*

LOUIS BREHM & CO.

Aug. 29th, 1866—ly.

$60.00

WEED

Sewing Machines.

FINKLE AND LYON

THESE Machines are adapted for every description of family sewing, and will stitch from the finest gauze to the thickest Beaver cloth without any change in feed, needle or tension, and run for two years without taking apart to clean. If the purchaser, after a fair trial, does not regard these Machines as superior to any machine in the market, he can return it and have his money.—It makes the LOCK STITCH. Stitches alike on both sides, which will not rip or ravel.—The cheapest machine by twenty per cent. in use. Warranted for four years. It has been in use in this place for ten years, and has given satisfaction in all cases. Plain finish up to mahogany inlaid with pearl, silver-plated and rosewood.

The attention of tailors, shoemakers, and harness makers, is called to No 3.

ALSO,

$20,00

SHAW & CLARK

SEWING MACHINES;

Warranted five years, and licensed.

ALSO,

Aiken's Family Knitting Machine,

Which is the best in use, and will knit any kind of yarn; it will knit 12 pairs socks a day.

A MODEL FOR CUTTING LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S DRESSES.—Any person can learn from it. Also, braid, embroidery and slipper stamps for sale, and stamping done.

☞ AGENTS WANTED. Address, with stamp, B. H. LONG.

General Agent,

112 Grant st., opposite Cathedral, Pittsburgh, Penn'a. [dec26:2m

☞ JAMES BOOCK, of New Brighton, is the Agent for Beaver county.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of HANNAH BUSH, late of New Brighton boro', Beaver co., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

BENJ. R. BRADFORD, Ex'r.,

jan5'67 New Brighton.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JAMES DAVIS, late of Moon township, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

W. H. DAVIS,
W. J. DAVIS, } Administrators.

jan30

RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES

AT THE TREASURY OF BEAVER COUNTY FOR THE YEAR 1866.

STATEMENT.

Dr. Receipts. Cr.

To cash received during the year, as per Treasurer's account, exclusive of balance last year,	$73,848 64

Cr. Expenditures. Dr.

By warrants issued during the year on the following acct's, viz:			
Assessments—Assessors' pay,	486 00		
Military enrollments,	107 26	—593 26	
Auditors' pay—James Whitham,	81 00		
H. J. Marshall,	78 00		
Joseph M'Clure,	72 00		
M. B. Welsh (State Auditor)	60 00	—291 00	
Beaver County Agricultural Society donation, 2 yrs,		200 00	
Borrowed money on bonds and warrants,	11,778 75		
Interest on same,	7,227 99	—19006 74	
Bridges—building, $4,178,87; repairs, $2,094,87,	6,268 74		
other expenses,	23 00	—6291 74	
Commissioners' pay—John H. Beighley,	594 00		
Joseph Irons,	639 00		
John Wilson,	717 00		
James Warnock,	132 00	—2082 00	
Clerks to Commissioners—Richard H. Agnew,	200 00		
John Caughey,	466 67	—666 67	
Counsel to Commissioners, H. Hice, Esq.,		50 00	
Commonwealth cases, viz:			
Clerk of Quarter Sessions,	256 08		
Constables' fees,	76 82		
District Attorney's fees,	309 00		
Boarding, washing for and clothing prisoners.	1,195 90		
Jailor's fees, attendance, &c.,	400 00		
Sheriff's fees, $115,84; Justices fees, $40,90,	156 74		
Sheriff conveying convicts to Penitentiary,	36 00		
Witnesses fees,	307 66		
Physicians at Jail, Drs. M'Kinney and Feicht,	22 00	—2760 20	
John Lennox—guarding, boarding, washing for and clothing, and boarding guard,		589 05	
Coroner's Inquests—Coroner's fees,	104 79		
Jurors and witnesses,	62 25		
Expenses of inquests,	66 30	—233 34	
Courts, expenses of, viz:			
Clerk of Quarter Sessions, &c., general fees,	18 47		
Constables' attend, $217,32; ret'ns & fi'ge $164,01,	381 33		
Crier of Courts, John M. Elliott,	120 00		
Jurors—Grand, $547,72; Petit, $2,250,60,	2,798 32		
Janitor of Court House, George Hinds,	527 50		
Prothonotary's fees, M. Weyand, Esq.,	111 98		
Sheriff selecting and summoning Jurors,	139 00	—4096 69	
Amount carried forward,		$36,860 60	

Expenditures. Cr.

Amount brought forward,			$36860 60
Court House and offices,			
Dockets, duplicates, stationery, &c.,	348 95		
Printing, advertising, &c.,	452 75		
Postage and revenue stamps,	15 35	—817 55	
Court House, offices and jail, viz:			
Fuel, lights, &c.,	496 29		
Incidental expenses,	323 73		
Repairs,	566 81	—1386 83	
Elections—general and township, viz:			
Election officers' pay,	614 58		
Assessors attending, lists, &c.,	84 14		
Constables' do advertising, notices, &c.,	187 83		
Use of houses, fuel, lights, &c,	36 74		
Sheriff's proclamation,	1 13	—924 41	
Fines in Commonwealth cases paid, viz:			
J. D. Glenn, prosecutor,	33 10		
New Brighton School Treasurer,	101 67	—134 77	
Hospital West. Pa., support of inmates,		233 35	
House of Refuge—support of inmates,	1,049 74		
conveying inmates to,	7 50	—1057 24	
Justices swearing county and township officers,	53 35		
Issuing certificates for Fox scalps,	47	—53 82	
Poor House and House of Employment,			
Support of Paupers,	7,600 00		
Directors' pay—John K. Potter, 3 years,	32 00		
Samuel M'Manamy,	32 00		
Samuel Gibson,	32 00	—7746 00	
Relief special paid to sundries,		121 95	
Recorder's fees, A. R. Moore, Esq.,		5 20	
Robbery of Treasury—paid detectives and other expenses of effort to detect robbers and recover stolen money,		315 08	
Taxes—lost, collectors' return of,	1,305 00		
Overpaid and refunded,	47 80		
Error in assessments of,	1,229 83		
And costs refunded on lands sold in error,	38 52		
Abatements and exonerations,	2 57	—2624 62	
Unseated lands bought by Commissioners,		4 40	
Amount of warrants issued to Jan. 1, 1867,		$52285 72	
State tax paid, per State Treasurer's receipts,		3769 11	
Paid on Road views, per Treasurer's account,		151 80	
" Fox scalps, per Treasurer's account,		93 50	
" Redemption of unseated lands,		120 24	
		$56,420 37	
Excess nett receipts,		17,428 27	
		$73,848 64	

Dr- M. R. Adams, Esq., Treasurer, of Beaver County, in acc't with the County for the year 1866. Cr.

To am't rec'd of former Treasurer,	4,793 71	By am't paid on general warrants,	53,864 77
" " on unseated land,	284 76	" " certificates of road views,	157 80
" " from collectors for 1861,	48 48	" " certificates of fox scalps,	93 50
" " from collectors for 1865,	5,284 23	" " redemption of unseated lands,	120 92
" " from collectors for 1866,	13,667 49	" " abatement allowed tax payers,	2,536 40
" " tax-payers before Aug. 1, 1866,	50,727 78	" " exonerations allowed collectors of militia fines,	412 00
" " tax-payers before Sept. 1, 1866,	2,181 03	" " commissions allowed collectors of militia fines,	45 82
" " relief funds refunded,	15 00	" " cash a com'ns pd Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, State and ½ mill tax,	3,769 11
" " redemption of unseated lands,	126 60		
" " sundry persons borrowed,	5,412 50	" " commission on 5,412 50, borrowed,	54 12
" " poll tax,	37 31	" " commission on 74,050 14, rec'd,	1,481 00
" " lost taxes,	19 64	" " commission on 54,230 99, paid,	1,084 66
" " refunded by Wm. Barnes,	10 00	Balance in hands of Treasurer,	20,642 25
" " refunded by S. Magaw,	5 30		
" " refunded on warrant No. 7,	1 00		
" " fees of D. L. Imbrie, Esq.,	3 40		
" " sale of trees,	6 80		
" " sale of metal,	4 37		
" " from Coroner,	31 65		
" " fees of M. Lawrence, Esq.,	8 30		
" " of Jos. Ledlie, Sheriff, on acc't of fines, &c.,	357 00		
" " levy of militia fines,	1,246 00		
	$84,256 35		$84,256 35

Balance in hands of Treasurer, Jan. 7, '67, $20,642 25.

Table of Taxes in the Several Townships for State and County Purposes, Amounts paid to Treasurer, Amounts Charged to, and Amounts paid by Collectors, Amounts Received from Unseated Lands, Commissions Allowed Collectors, &c.

DISTRICTS.	Levy of 1866	Amount paid Treasu'r	Amount ch'ged to Collec'rs	Am't p'd by Collectors.	Unseated Lands.	Com'n allo'd Coll'rs	Amount due by Collec's	COLLECTORS.
Big Beaver	2993 42	2197 37	796 05	344 79	.....	.....	459 26	J. P. McCready.
Beaver boro	3019 33	2448 10	571 23	235 00	.....	.....	336 23	Joseph McClure.
Borough twp	1586 91	1296 48	290 43	100 00	.....	.....	190 43	Joseph McClure.
Brighton	2286 86	1828 70	408 16	369 91	18 31	19 94	.....	John R. Hays.
Chippewa	1937 10	1166 78	770 32	538 44	5 67	.....	226 21	William Lindsay.
Darlington boro	516 84	282 79	234 05	115 75	26	.....	118 04	G. W. Powell.
Darlington twp	3620 72	2506 96	1113 76	454 98	8 80	.....	649 98	Joseph Newell.
Economy	3024 19	1763 39	1260 80	1206 66	3 09	51 05	.....	S. T. Dougherty.
Fallston	857 92	666 39	191 53	178 48	3 55	9 50	.....	Hugh Henderson.
Franklin	1590 75	1303 30	287 45	273 64	.....	13 81	.....	William Stamm.
Freedom boro	890 10	617 10	273 00	259 56	.....	18 44	.....	R. Hall.
Frankfort	309 06	285 92	23 14	22 00	.....	1 14	.....	A. S. Vance.
Glasgow	1664 56	265 51	1399 05	1340 30	.....	58 15	.....	M. Brown.
Georgetown	783 45	454 70	328 75	313 25	.....	15 50	.....	John M'Donald.
Greene	2980 55	2203 14	777 41	739 21	.....	38 20	.....	John M'Donald.
Harmony	4722 59	4722 59	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Hanover	4320 35	3888 02	332 33	316 21	.....	15 90	.....	John N. Frazer.
Hopewell	2004 39	1772 16	382 28	287 48	.....	.....	644 80	Joseph Fleming.
Hookstown	501 49	324 84	176 65	20 64	.....	.....	156 01	John M'Donald.
Independence	1950 42	1571 95	378 54	166 84	.....	.....	211 70	David Alexander.
Industry	1521 96	949 74	572 22	544 83	.....	27 39	.....	Philip Baker.
Moon	1747 25	1144 12	603 13	242 90	5 94	.....	354 29	James E. Smith.
Marion	943 32	803 10	140 22	133 43	.....	6 79	.....	John Hickey.
New Brighton	4922 74	3244 46	1678 28	964 81	5 98	.....	707 49	Joseph Darling.
New Sewickly	3231 16	2142 49	1088 67	992 40	.....	.....	96 27	C. Burns.
North Sewickly	2139 71	1342 78	796 93	318 69	1 01	.....	477 23	J. J. Hazen.
Ohio	3659 75	2160 09	1499 66	593 55	3 02	.....	903 09	Noble Graham.
Patterson	1018 38	735 39	282 99	234 15	.....	.....	48 84	James M. Marquis.
Pulaski	1285 59	671 98	564 51	235 25	14 20	.....	314 96	John W. D. Smith.
Phillipsburg	694 69	521 16	173 53	165 13	.....	8 40	.....	Henry Bimber.
Rochester twp	1270 44	860 43	410 01	376 59	13 42	20 00	.....	F. M. Anderson.
Raccoon	2161 05	1674 06	486 99	419 65	18	.....	67 21	Wm. B. Smith.
South Beaver	2264 89	1857 67	407 22	340 22	.....	.....	67 00	Hugh G. Barnes.
Rochester boro	2826 56	2054 51	802 05	617 20	7 63	.....	177 22	M. Anderson.
Bridgewater	1491 52	1111 54	379 98	265 00	.....	.....	114 98	David Stewart.
	73240 11	52908 81	20331 30	13727 70	91 11	299 22	6213 27	

Dr. Beaver County Stock Acc't. Cr.

JANUARY 7TH, 1867		JANUARY 7TH, 1867.	
To amount outstanding general warrants,	965 11	By balance in hands of Treasurer,	20,642 25
" " " bounty warrants,	11,966 18	" " due by collectors for 1866,	6,213 27
" " " bonds,	45,115 18	" " " " prior to 1866,	428 65
		" am't outstanding on unseated lands at the close of 1866,	150 40
		" balance in hands of Sheriff Joseph Ledlie,	372 00
		Balance county indebtedness,	30,139 90
	$58,046 47		$58,046 47
To balance, $30,139 90.			

Delinquent Collectors for Years prior to 1866.

COLLECTORS.	TOWNSHIPS, &c.	YRS.	TAX.	COLLECTORS.	TOWNSHIPS, &c.	YRS.	TAX.
				Amount brought forward			297 99
William Thompson	Darlington twp	1852	63 35				
Elihu Evans,	Patterson twp	1856	225 12	Benoni Dawson	Glasgow boro	1859	60 07
Robert Nelson	Pulaski twp	1856	9 52	G. W. Shroeds	Moon twp	1861	70 59
Amount carried forward			297 99				428 65

Given under our Hands and Seal of Office, at Beaver, this 28th day of January, A. D., 1867.

SEAL

JOSEPH IRONS,
JOHN WILSON,
JAMES WARNOCK,
Commissioners.

Attest: JOHN CAUGHEY, *Clerk.*

Receipts and Expenditures

By the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of Beaver county for the year 1866.

Dr. Receipts.

To balance in Treasury, December 31st, 1865,	992 87	
" cash received from County Treasurer,	7,600 00	
" " " D. Reisinger, forfeited recognizance,	25 00	
" " " Estate of Mrs. M'Carrell, dec'd.,	608 88	
" " " Pension of Elizabeth Degarmo,	93 00	
" " " in various ways,	66 00	
	$9,331 75	
Balance in Treasury, Dec. 31st, 1866, $992 14.		

Cr. Expenditures.

By cash paid for support of insane paupers,	2,328 60	
" " support of out door paupers,	355 24	
" " Dr. L. J. Morand, medical attend out door paupers,	50 00	
" " Dr. Wm. Shurlock " " "	40 00	
" " Dr. D. Stanton " " "	40 00	
" " Dr. J. D. Palmer " " "	73 00	
" " Dr. Isaac Winans " " "	100 00	
" " Dr. A. C. Barlow " " "	16 00	
" " Dr. J. Linenbrink " " "	15 00	
" " funeral expenses, nursing and board of "	334 17	
" " Mary Swarts, payment on farm	200 00	
" " for horse	212 50	
" " flour, wheat, rye, seed oats and buckwheat,	606 70	
" " justices' and constables' fees	58 20	
" " insurance,	37 75	
" " J. S. Rutan, pub. receipts and expenditures, 1865	40 00	
" " merchandise, boots, shoes, clothing, &c	365 20	
" " coffins, &c	91 25	
" " groceries, tobacco and salt	433 00	
" " bacon and pork	348 35	
" " coal	222 50	
Amount carried forward	6,001 21	

Expenditures. Cr.

Amount brought forward	6,001 21	
By cash pd for stoves, grate and stove fixtures,		89 66
" " removing paupers,		8 00
" " ox cart,		40 00
" " stoneware, buckets, baskets and churn,		20 00
" " Beaver Argus, stamps, &c.,		4 89
" " smithing and ferriage,		56 91
" " butchering and whitewashing,		28 60
" " cloverseed and vinegar,		11 58
" " cutting wood and making brooms,		38 35
" " shovels, hoes, plow points, &c,		11 05
" " making shingles, lumber, carpenter work, &c.,		83 05
" " seed onions and plants,		5 25
" " wool and spinning,		12 40
" " beef, 14 90; ashes, 6 20,		21 10
" " drugs, spices, &c.,		14 47
" " liquors,		4 60
" " tinware and other household articles,		24 40
" " nails and leather,		21 15
" " mason work and threshing,		24 00
" " barrels and repairing wagon,		12 20
" " money advanced to paupers, freight, &c.,		88 85
" " physician's salary,		225 00
" " treasurer's and attorney's fees,		35 00
" " directors' extra pay,		120 00
" " male hire, exclusive of regular hands,		196 00
" " male hire, regular hands,		853 00
" " female hire,		200 00
" " William Shroads, Steward's salary,		600 00
" " young bull,		5 00
Balance in Treasury,		992 14
		$6,001 21

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:—We, the undersigned, Auditors of Beaver county, do hereby certify that we have examined the account of Receipts and Expenditures of the Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of Beaver county, for the year 1866, and find them correct as they stand stated. In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and seals, the 19th day of January, A. D. 1867

JAS. WHITHAM, [L. S.]
H. J. MARSHALL, [L. S.]
J. F. McMILLIN, [L. S.]
Auditors of Beaver County.

Beaver Academy.

Dr. JOHN CAUGHEY, TREASURER, IN ACC'T. WITH BEAVER ACADEMY, FOR YEAR 1866. Cr.

Jan. 1,	For balance on hands at settlement this date,	76 86		Amount brought forward,	1 00
June 8,	" cash from Bank of Pittsburg, May dividend,	250 00	May 17,	By cash paid J. S. Rutan,	7 55
Dec. 8,	" " " " Nov'r. dividend,	250 00	July 2,	" " M. Gantz,	150 00
Dec. 24,	" " M. T. Kennedy, interest on bond,	20 00	31,	" " J. H. Odell,	5 00
		596 86	Aug. 4,	" " J. S. Rutan,	5 00
			Dec. 18,	" " George Heidigger,	87 00
			25,	" " David Shumaker,	100 00
			26,	" " M. R. Adams,	92 26
				Receipts over disbursements,	177 36
					$596 86
Ca. Mar. 9,	By cash paid John Gibson,	8 00			
" 9,	" " J. S. Rutan,	10 00			
" 31,	" " Joseph Strock,	5 00			
Amount carried forward,		$23 00			
Balance receipts over disbursements, $177 36.					

EXHIBIT OF THE FINANCES OF BEAVER ACADEMY AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR 1866.

Bank stock, 50 shares Bank of Pittsburgh,	5,000 00	Amount brought forward,	9,601 86
Judgments and bonds,	601 86	Balance in hands of Treasurer, after deducting from his exhibited balance of receipts, over disbursements herewith presented, $136 61 cash stolen,	41 75
Real estate, viz: Academy lot and building, say	4,000 00		
Amount carried forward,	$9,601 86		$9,643 61

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:—We the undersigned, Auditors of Beaver county, do hereby certify that we have examined and audited the foregoing acc't, of John Caughey, Treas'r of Beaver Academy, together with the vouchers for same, and exhibit of the stock of said Academy, and believe the same to be correct as they stand stated. In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 17th day of Jan. 1867.

JAS. WHITHAM, [L. S.]
H. J. MARSHALL, [L. S.]
J. F. McMILLIN, [L. S.]
Auditors.

Collateral Inheritance Tax.

Alfred R. Moore, Register, in acc't of Collateral Inheritance Tax, with the Com. of Penn'a., for year ending Dec 1, 1866.

Dr. **Cr.**

1865. Dec.	1,	To balance from last year,		05	1866. Jan. 5,	By cash paid John H. Beighley, appraiser, 1 50
	5,	" collat'l inher. tax, David B. Whitehill's estate,	67	50	29,	" State Treasurer's receipt, 1,140 00
	29,	" " " Ruth Scott estate,	58	44	Feb. 15,	" State Treasurer's receipt, 175 00
1866. Jan.	2,	" " " Andrew Glass estate,	200	00	Apr. 18,	" State Treasurer's receipt, 165 00
	5,	" " " J. G. Beck estate,	52	20	30,	" cash paid R. Eakin, appraiser, 6 00
	18,	" " " J. G. Beck estate,	14	70	May 1,	" cash paid W. Shroads, appraiser, 40 00
	25,	" " " Alex. McKenzie estate,	843	72	1,	" State Treasurer's receipt, 13 27
Feb.	12,	" " " Andrew S. Glass estate,	175	00	June 9,	" cash paid W. Barnes, appraiser, 1 50
Mar.	12,	" " " Richard Ayers estate,	4	75	9,	" State Treasurer's receipt, 65 00
April	6,	" " " Mary J. Stevenson estate,	12	50	Aug. 9,	" State Treasurer's receipt, 6 00
	17,	" " " John B. Hall estate,	166	25	Oct. 20,	" cash paid J. C. Wilson, appraiser, 3 00
May	12,	" " " Nancy Hinds estate,	17	50	26,	" State Treasurer's receipt, 92 80
June	15,	" " " Ann T. Laughlin,	14	07	Nov. 26,	" State Treasurer's receipt, 224 25
July	27,	" " " Alice Dean estate,	52	50	26,	" cash paid J. C. Wilson, appraiser, 3 00
	28,	" " " John H. Stockdale estate,	16	07	28,	" cash paid J. Peirsol, appraiser, 1 50
Sept.	12,	" " " Mary Boyd estate,	2	16	Dec. 28,	" State Treasurer's receipt, 50 00
Oct.	26,	" " " Felix Mulvanon estate,	90	31		Commission on $2,145 78, 107 18
Nov.	26,	" " " John B. Hall estate,	303	00		$2,143 78
	24,	" " " Eunice Magaw estate,	53	06		Balance, 5 00
			$2,143	78		$2,143 78

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:—I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct statement of the Collateral Inheritance Tax account of A. R. Moore, Esq., Register, for the year ending Dec. 1, 1866, to the best of my knowledge and belief. M. B. WELSH, Auditor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of IRA BLANCHARD, late of Rochester borough, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent will make known the same without delay, to

CHAS. B. HURST, Rochester, Pa.,
SCUDDER H. DARRAGH, Sharon, Pa.,
jan30'67.—6t. Administrators.

CRATE A. DICKEY.....R. A. WILSON.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR

Bargains!

GRAND CLOSING OUT

OF

Boots and Shoes

IN BEAVER!

WILSON & DICKEY WOULD RESPECTfully inform the public in general of their intention to close out their extensive stock of Fall and Winter Boots and Shoes, to prepare for a Spring Stock, consisting of

Ladies', Gent's, Boy's and Children's Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c.,

which will be sold at cost, or below cost, as we are bound to keep up the trade, and that to the entire satisfaction of our customers.—*All goods warranted.*

DICKEY & WILSON,
3 Doors East
of H. B. Anderson's Store,
Beaver, Pa.
jan3,'67.

GIFTS FOR THE HOLIDAYS!

Bridal Presents,

BASKETS,

TRAVELING CUPS,

In short every article kept in a Variety Store, to be found

AT

B. MULHEIM'S.

BRIDGE ST., BRIDGEWATER, PA.

The subscriber again greets his numerous Patrons with the

LARGEST, MOST VARIED & COMPLETE STOCK OF

Christmas & New Years presents

ever offered in the county.

B. MULHEIM.

Bridgewater, jy25,'66—1y [dec6'66

NEW BARBER-SHOP.

SHAVING, HAIR-CUTTING, SHAMPOOING, &C.

JOHN B. WILLIAMS having removed his shop from Bridgewater to Beaver, wishes to inform his former customers and the public generally, that he is now to be found in a

Room Adjoining the National House,

where he will carry on in his former good and fashionable style. By close attention to busines, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. Those wishing a clean, smooth shave, or hair cut in a fashionable style, just step in and give John a trial, and he feels satisfied that he can please them. [aug

LOOK HERE!

NO NECESSITY FOR GOING OUTSIDE OF BEAVER TO GET GOOD GROCERIES!

THE undersigned having purchased the Grocery Store of Anderson & Son, (formerly occupied by Joseph C. Wilson,) takes pleasure in informing the Public that he is about refitting the store and replenishing the stock, and in the future will keep

All Kinds of Groceries,

which he will sell at the Lowest Prices possible. None but the best articles in the market kept.

It is the desire of the undersigned to please all who may favor him with their patronage.

Dec. 26, '66:3m HENRY FEICHT.

Arrival and Departure of Mails at Beaver, Pa.

ARRIVALS.—Eastern mail due at 9:30, A. M. Western mail due at 3, P. M.

DEPARTURES.—Eastern mail leaves at 7:30, A. M. Western mail leaves at 4:30, P. M.

Stamps for sale constantly.

Dec. 26, '66. S. J. M'GAFFICK, P. M.

BARBER, HAIR-DRESSER, &C.

JAMES BRUIN is happy to announce to his old customers, that he has been discharged from the service of the United States, and opened a shop in the frame building adjoining Wm. Orr's Store. Ladies' hair cut in the most approved style. He trusts his old friends will renew their patronage. Having carried the flag of the 45th Reg. U. S. C. T. for almost a year, in the battles around Petersburg, he thinks himself entitled to a fair share of the public patronage.

He has also opened a branch shop in a room in the north part of the Market House, in Bridgewater, which will be kept open at all seasonable hours.

Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair-cutting and Shampooing promptly attended to, and executed in the most approved style. [aug'6 '66ly

PEACE! PEACE!

TO have peace in the family buy your flour of A. S. Harvey. A *Prime* article of *Extra Family* on hand, and for sale by the bbl. or sack.

A. S. HARVEY, Bridgewater.